



Estd. 1889

**Research and PG Department of Chemistry**

**ST.THOMAS COLLEGE (Autonomous)**

**THRISSUR - 680 001, KERALA, INDIA**

*(Affiliated to University of Calicut, NAAC with 'A' Grade and College with Potential for Excellence)*

Web:- <http://stthomas.ac.in>

Email:- [stcthrissur@gmail.com](mailto:stcthrissur@gmail.com)

Phone:- +91 487 2420435

Fax:- +91 487 2421510

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15-09-2022

## CERTIFICATE

*I hereby certify that, this is the revised version of the thesis entitled  
“Bismaleimide Nanocomposites for High Dielectric Applications” submitted  
by Ms. Savitha Unnikrishnan K under my guidance after incorporating the  
necessary corrections/suggestions made by the adjudicators.*

**Dr. Sunil Jose T**

(Research Guide)



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19-04-2022

## CERTIFICATE

*This is to certify that the thesis entitled “Bismaleimide Nanocomposites for High Dielectric Applications” is an authentic record of research work carried out by Ms. Savitha Unnikrishnan K under my supervision in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Chemistry of University of Calicut and further that no part thereof has been presented before for any other degree.*

**Dr. Sunil Jose T**

(Research Guide)

## DECLARATION

*I hereby declare that the thesis entitled “**Bismaleimide Nanocomposites for High Dielectric Applications**” is the outcome of original research work undertaken and carried out by me at St. Thomas College (Autonomous), Thrissur, under the guidance of **Dr. Sunil Jose T**, Assistant Professor, Department of Chemistry, St. Thomas College (Autonomous), Thrissur, Kerala. I also declare that the material presented in this thesis is original and does not form the basis for the award of any other degree, diploma or other similar titles of any other university.*

19-04-2022

  
SAVITHA UNNIKRIISHNAN K

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*With heartfelt gratitude*

*Savitha Unnikrishnan K*

*To*  
*My Husband*

## PREFACE

Being one of the most important high performance thermosetting resins, bismaleimide resin (BMI) has several applications in electronics, radar, capacitors, stealth technologies, circuit boards, microelectronics etc. Epoxies are widely accepted in aerospace industry for the manufacture of most important composite parts because of their excellent mechanical properties, ease of manufacture and suitable service temperature. BMI composites possess mechanical properties higher than epoxies and are more efficient than the corresponding epoxies in high temperature applications. In order to achieve both temperature performance of the BMI resin and the processing ease of epoxy resins, attempts have been made to prepare BMI-epoxy composites. The thermal, mechanical and dielectric properties of the polymer composites strongly depend on the polymer matrix, size and weight percentage of the filler materials. All these parameters are crucial for the fabrication of polymer composites and all these parameters should be optimized for the development of a novel polymer nanocomposite.

High dielectric permittivity materials have widespread applications in various fields like energy storage capacitors, microcapacitors in IC, sensors, printed circuit boards etc. The introduction of high dielectric permittivity materials on the nanoscale into the polymer matrix could increase the dielectric constant of the polymer nanocomposites. For high dielectric applications, the polymer composite should exhibit high dielectric permittivity, low dielectric loss and high breakdown strength. High dielectric permittivity is highly desired for the dielectric materials used in the embedded capacitors and energy storage devices. In order to enhance the dielectric properties of the BMI epoxy composites, suitable fillers with high dielectric constants are added.

In the present work a new class of BMI-epoxy composites reinforced with glass fiber and further performance enhancements made by the incorporation of a variety of nanofillers such as BaTiO<sub>3</sub>, Rochelle salt crystals and hydroxylated BaTiO<sub>3</sub> nanoparticles were studied.

BMI-epoxy nanocomposites prepared using a variety of nanofillers such as BaTiO<sub>3</sub>, Rochelle salt crystals and hydroxylated BaTiO<sub>3</sub> nanoparticles possess good thermo-mechanical and dielectric properties. Hence these composites stand as potential candidates for high dielectric applications.

The present thesis consists of eight chapters. **Chapter 1** includes a brief introduction of the polymer matrix used - BMI and epoxy along with structure and preparation of different nanofillers used. The specific objectives of the present research work are also detailed in this chapter.

**Chapter 2** includes the review of available reports of polymer nanocomposites, mainly BMI-epoxy nanocomposites and polymer matrix composites with different fillers like BaTiO<sub>3</sub>, Rochelle salt crystals and hydroxylated BaTiO<sub>3</sub> nanoparticles.

**Chapter 3** describes the experimental techniques employed for the preparation and characterisation of both nanoparticles and BMI-epoxy nanocomposites related to the present work.

In **Chapter 4**, synthesis of BaTiO<sub>3</sub> nanoparticles (BT) by hydrothermal method and characterisation of BMI resin, BMI-epoxy composites, BaTiO<sub>3</sub> nanoparticles and BMI-epoxy BaTiO<sub>3</sub>nanocomposites were included. The influence of BaTiO<sub>3</sub> nanoparticles on the thermo-mechanical and dielectric properties of BMI-epoxy composites reinforced with E glass fiber (EGF) and silane coated E glass fiber (SC-EGF) is also addressed.

**Chapter 5** describes the effect of Rochelle salt crystals (RS) on various properties such as mechanical, thermal and dielectric properties of BMI-epoxy RS composites.

**Chapter 6** focuses on the synthesis and characterisation of surface hydroxylated BaTiO<sub>3</sub> nanoparticles (BTOH). Effect of BTOH on various properties of BMI-epoxy composites is also described in this chapter.

**Chapter 7** includes the effect of MWCNT on thermo-mechanical, electrical and EMI-SE of BMI-epoxy composites with different nanofillers such as BT, RS and BTOH.

**Chapter 8** includes the summary, conclusion and future outlook of the study.



## ABBREVIATIONS

BMI	Bismaleimide Resin
BT	Barium titanate
RS	Rochelle Salt
BTOH	Surface hydroxylated Barium titanate
BDV	Breakdown Voltage
$\epsilon_r$	Dielectric permittivity
FTIR	Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy
XRD	X-ray Diffraction
SEM	Scanning Electron Microscopy
EDX / EDAX	Energy Dispersive X-ray
EGF	E Glass Fiber
SC-EGF	Silane Coated E Glass Fiber
DGEBA/DGEBP	Diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A
NP	Nanoparticle
TGA	Thermogravimetric analysis
EMI-SE	Electromagnetic interference-shielding effectiveness
NTCR	Negative Temperature Coefficient of Resistance
PTCR	Positive Temperature Coefficient of Resistance
MLCC	Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
GHz	Gigahertz
SAXS	Small-angle X-ray scattering
ISM	Industrial, Scientific and Medical