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# **CHAPTER-IV**

# SCHEDULED CASTE IN KERALA

The Chapter provides a brief history of the attainments of scheduled castes, especially in the fields of education and employment opportunities. As far as the Scheduled castes are concerned, we can clearly identify and include them in a highly marginalized category; since they were far away from the educational attainment and reputed jobs too. By the primitive concern of the society, they simply are born to lead a poor life and even to have dirty life. But only few of the reputed persons like Gandhi and Ambedkar tried to include and invite them into the main stream. And they believed that, the societal development is not possible by ignoring a particular category like Scheduled Caste. Many of them still now also lived with the support of government, that is the government provides land to the landless people, houses to the houseless, free food items through the Targeted Public Distribution System and various other financial assistance like providing pensions to the old age, widow and unemployed, welfare related financial support like educational assistance, employment assistance...etc.

In this chapter, a detailed description regarding the scheduled caste can be seen. That is the details regarding the total population of Scheduled caste in Kerala, specifically the district wise details. The details regarding their sex ratio, literacy rate specifically the male female literacy rate, the possession of various assets, their enrolment at school level, dropouts at schools, enrolment and pass percentage of the scheduled caste students at higher secondary level, their enrolment at various technical and poly technical institutions are also included. It also considers the SC teachers at the same level. The details associated with the SC student's participation in various arts and science streams, the atrocities faced by them, their job distribution, especially Gazatted, non-gazatted and last grade, their work participation rate, details regarding main workers, the fund allotted to the SC by the government through various schemes like SCP, SCSP...etc. are also furnished. It also considers the total houses sanctioned and constructed by the government in various years, land provided by them in various years, other financial assistances in the field of education, self-employment beneficiaries in Scheduled caste in various districts, and various income generating schemes like KSDC Schemes, NSFDC Schemes and other welfare measures

Table.4.1

Basic details of Kerala (District wise details)

Sl.No.	Items	TVM	KLM	PTA	ALP	KTM	IDK	EKM	TSR	PLK	MLP	KKD	WYD	KNR	KSD	TOTAL
1	Area (sq. Km)	2192	2491	2637	1414	2208	4358	3068	3032	4480	3550	2344	2131	2966	1992	38863
2	Forest Cover (sq. Km) *	1327	1356	1830	68	967	3139	1273	1152	1826	1811	1484	1580	1561	947	20321
3	Population 2011 (in Lakh)	33.01	26.35	11.97	21.28	19.75	11.09	32.82	31.21	28.1	41.13	30.86	8.17	25.23	13.07	334.04
	Rural	15.3	14.48	10.66	9.8	14.09	10.56	10.47	10.24	21.31	22.95	10.14	7.86	8.82	7.99	174.67
	Male	7.25	6.81	5	4.65	6.93	5.27	5.18	4.88	10.31	10.95	4.85	3.86	4.26	3.88	84.08
	Female	8.05	7.67	5.66	5.15	7.16	5.29	5.29	5.36	11.01	12	5.29	4	4.56	4.11	90.6
	Percentage Decadal Growth (2001- 2011)	-28.6	-31.7	-4	-34.2	-14.8	-1.4	-35.7	-52	-5.7	-29.8	-43	-4.6	-26.3	-17.7	-25.9
	Urban	17.72	11.87	1.32	11.48	5.66	0.51	22.34	20.96	6.77	18.17	20.72	0.31	16.41	5.09	159.33
	Male	8.57	5.66	0.62	5.48	2.76	0.25	11.01	9.92	3.28	8.65	9.86	0.15	7.56	2.41	76.18
	Female	9.15	6.21	0.7	6	2.9	0.26	11.33	11.04	3.49	9.52	10.86	0.16	8.85	2.68	83.15
	Percentage Decadal Growth (2001- 2011)	62.3	154.8	6.3	84.8	88.6	-9.6	51.3	149.7	89.8	410.2	88.2	6.6	35.3	117.8	92.8
	Density	1508	1061	452	1504	895	255	1072	1031	627	1157	1316	384	852	657	860
	Fishermen Population, in number	164883	123100	2073	167794	24420	691	133387	90306	2534	82044	106613	230	60208	43342	1001625
	SC population as % of Total Population	11.3	12.5	13.7	9.5	7.8	13.1	8.2	10.4	14.4	7.5	6.5	4	3.3	4.1	9.1
	ST population as % of Total Population	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.3	1.1	5	0.5	0.3	1.7	0.6	0.5	18.5	1.6	3.7	1.5

Sl.No.	Items	TVM	KLM	PTA	ALP	KTM	IDK	EKM	TSR	PLK	MLP	KKD	WYD	KNR	KSD	TOTAL
4	Teerins	1 / 1/1	ILLIVI	1 111	TILI	121111		teracy Rat		ILI	TVILLI	TELED	,,,15	TELVIC	Hob	TOTTLE
	Male	94.2	95.8	97.7	97.9	97.2	94.8	97.1	96.98	92.27	95.78	97.57	92.84	97.54	93.93	96.1
	Female	90.9	91.9	96.3	94.8	95.7	89.6	94.3	93.85	84.99	91.55	93.16	85.94	93.57	86.13	92.1
5		l .		Į.		I.	Percenta	ige of Dro	pouts 2017	7-18	l .					
	Lower Primary	0.2	0.1	0.11	0.05	0.12	0.72	0.23	0.05	0.35	0.09	0.07	0.25	0.12	0.08	0.15
	Upper Primary	0.11	0.07	0.02	0.01	0.07	0.39	0.22	0.02	0.11	0.08	0.06	0.31	0.07	0.17	0.1
	High School	0.17	0.09	0.07	0.05	0.21	0.41	0.18	0.19	0.27	0.09	0.09	1.92	0.24	0.46	0.22
6							GSV	VA 2017-1	8 (Quick)							
	GSVA at Basic Prices (₹ in lakh)	4987667	4219147	1312928	3295183	2880198				3091906	4367750	3719432	865101	3160540	1569461	45074499
								hare in Per	centage							
	Primary	7	10	23	5	14	32	9	8	14	9	8	20	10	18	11
	Secondary	26	28	24	36	23	22	26	26	27	25	30	21	32	31	27
	Tertiary	67	62	53	59	63	46	65	66	59	66	62	59	58	51	62
7	Production of Rice in Kerala (17-18) in Tonnes	4551	4302	8843	105676	49509	2293	12888	69114	198626	23571	3960	21792	11318	4867	521310
8	Net Area Irrigated (2017-18) in ha	7584	5220	5331	35861	16364	44743	23944	63354	74312	26149	4980	12718	14322	57124	392006
9	Number of Commercial Banks	711	381	380	379	498	174	1004	722	423	440	445	120	384	220	6281
10	CD ratio	70.08	64.28	27.14	46.12	48.42	84.86	89.76	54.99	58.02	59.77	70.62	108	54.84	79.78	63.9
11	No. of Registered SSI/MSME 17-18	1656	1063	833	1315	913	248	1895	1836	1907	1243	1200	302	710	347	15468
12	Length of Roads ** (km)	2557.44	2202.869	2031.372	1472.334	3456.214	2867.366	3085.281	2064.216	2184.693	2680.152	2454.647	1029.314	2265.242	1460.662	31812.11

Sl.No.	Items	TVM	KLM	PTA	ALP	KTM	IDK	EKM	TSR	PLK	MLP	KKD	WYD	KNR	KSD	TOTAL
13	No. of Motor Vehicles	1523414	868077	502032	830790	744817	241623	1796868	1248317	818617	1097058	1114491	176093	739595	340899	12042691
14							То	urist Arriv	als 2017							
	Foreign (in no.)	420719	6227	2003	75037	32350	42285	453973	10775	1711	18451	13106	8995	5123	1115	1091870
	Domestic (in no.)	2505333	381829	164494	433456	468593	1090086	3285088	2642546	474180	520832	932345	815624	695655	263459	14673520

Source: Economic Review 2018

The table provides a basic description to all matters about Kerala. And it includes features like geographical area, population, density, male female population, scheduled caste and scheduled tribe population, working population, education status, number of foreigners' visit...etc.

Table:4.2 Literacy Rate- Kerala 1951-2011

Year	Persons	Male	Female
1951	47.18	58.35	36.43
1961	55.08	64.89	45.56
1971	69.75	77.13	62.53
1981	78.85	84.56	73.36
1991	89.81	93.62	86.17
2001	90.86	94.24	87.72
2011	93.91	96.02	91.98

Source: Kerala State Literacy Mission Authority

The Census report related to literacy of Kerala since 1951 shows an increasing trend. The decade wise percentage of literacy in Kerala is; in the year 1951 the literacy rate is only 47.18%, in 1961 it is 55.08, in 1971 it is 69.75, in 1981 it is 78.85, in 1991 it is 89.81 and the rest of the decades the state acquired cent percent literacy, that is in 2001 it is 90.86% and in 2011 it is 93.91% respectively.

Table 4.3

Literacy rate by sex for state and districts;2001-2011

				Litera	cy rate		
SI No	State/Districts	Per	sons	M	ale	Fen	nale
		2001	2011	2001	2011	2001	2011
	Kerala	90.86	93.91	94.24	96.02	87.72	91.98
1	Thiruvananthapuram	89.28	92.66	92.64	94.06	86.14	90.89
2	Kollam	91.18	93.77	94.43	95.83	88.18	91.95
3	Pathanamthitta	94.84	96.93	96.41	97.7	93.43	96.26
4	Alappuzha	93.43	96.26	96.27	97.9	90.82	94.8
5	Kottayam	95.82	96.4	97.34	97.17	94.35	95.67
6	Idukki	88.69	92.2	92.33	94.84	85.02	89.59
7	Ernakulam	93.2	95.68	95.81	97.14	90.66	94.27
8	Thrissur	92.27	95.32	95.11	96.98	89.71	93.85
9	Palakkad	84.35	88.49	89.52	92.27	79.56	84.99
10	Malappuram	89.61	93.55	93.25	95.78	86.26	91.55
11	Kozhikode	92.24	95.24	96.11	97.57	88.62	93.16
12	Wayanad	85.25	89.32	89.77	92.84	80.72	85.94
13	Kannur	92.59	95.41	96.13	97.54	89.4	93.57
14	Kasaragod	84.57	89.85	90.36	93.93	79.12	86.13

Source: Census Report 2011

By Considering the literacy rate by sex in every district in Kerala 2001, the first five positions were grabbed by the districts like Kottayam, Pathanamthitta, Alappuzha, Ernakulum and Kannur. The rates are the following; 95.82, 94.84, 93.43, 93.2 and 92.59. And the positions changed in the year 2011. The first position was bagged by Pathanamthitta (96.93), second by Kottayam-(96.4), third by Alappuzha- (96.26), fourth by Ernakulam-(95.68) and fifth position grabbed by Thrissur from the hands of Kannur. In the case of male literacy rate in 2001 the first three position goes to Kottayam-(97.34%), Pathanamthitta-(96.41%) and Alappuzha-(96.26%). In 2011 the positions were bagged by Alappuzha, first by securing a rate of (97.9%), second by Pathanamthitta by a rate of (97.7%) and third by Kozhikode-(97.57%). And in the case of Female literacy rate in 2001, the first three positions were going to Kottayam-

94.35%, Pathanamthitta-93.43% and Alappuzha-90.82. In 2011 the district which topped in terms of literacy rate by Pathanamthitta (96.26), Second Kottayam (95.67) and third Alappuzha-(94.8). Palakkad occupies the last place in terms of literacy rate in 2001 as well as 2011. In terms of male literacy rates too, Palakkad lags behind other districts during these years. However, in the case of female literacy, it is Idukki at the bottom chart.

Table 4.4
Status of SC (as per Census 2011)

SI No	Item	SC			
51110	item	Kerala	India		
1	Population (in lakh)	30.39	2013		
2	Percentage to total Population	9.1	16.6		
3	Decadal Growth Rate (%)	-2.7	20.8		
4	Child Population to the total population	14.5	9.4		
5	Sex Ratio	1057	945		
6	Literacy rate	88.7	66.07		
7	Literacy Rate-Female	85.07	56.46		
8	Literacy Rate-Male	92.64	75.17		

Source: Census Report 2011

The table made a comparison of the scheduled caste people's whole aspects like population and its growth rate, child population, sex ratio and literacy, more specifically by female and male between India and Kerala. And it shows Kerala is far better in the case of literacy rate, that is Kerala's literacy is about 88.7% and India's is 66.07%, about 12.63% difference.

By considering the population distribution of Kerala, the district having a higher population has grabbed by Palakkad (403833), the second and third adorned by Trivandrum and Kollam by a population of 372977 and 328263 respectively. And the least one bagged by Wayanad, whose share is about 32578. This can be realized from the following table.

Table:4.5

Population distribution of Scheduled caste in Kerala

SI	District	To	otal Population	on	Scl	neduled Cas	stes
No	District	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1	Trivandrum	1581678	1719749	3301427	178589	194388	372977
2	Kollam	1246968	1388407	2635375	157801	170462	328263
3	Pathanamthitta	561716	635696	1197412	78942	85523	164465
4	Alappuzha	1013142	1114647	2127789	97183	104028	201211
5	Kottayam	968289	1006262	1974551	75503	78406	153909
6	Idukki	552808	556166	1108974	72399	73087	145486
7	Ernakulam	1619557	1662831	3282388	131573	136838	268411
8	Thrissur	1480763	1640437	3121200	156480	167870	324350
9	Palakkad	1359478	1450456	2809934	197451	206382	403833
10	Malappuram	1960328	2152592	4112920	151557	156709	308266
11	Kozhikode	1470942	1615351	3086293	97279	101912	199191
12	Wayanad	401684	415736	817420	16406	16172	32578
13	Kannur	1181446	1341557	2523003	40260	43090	83350
14	Kasaragod	628613	678762	1307375	26385	26898	53283
	Kerala	16027412	17378649	33406061	1477808	1561765	3039573

**Source: Census Report 2011** 

Table 4.6

A Comparative Picture of Assets of SC Households

SI No	Households Having Access to	India (in %)	Kerala (in%)
1	Availing Banking Services	50.94	60.15
2	Television	39.15	61.17
3	Computer with internet	1.27	1.93
4	Landline phone	3.00	6.34
5	Two-wheeler	11.99	10.60
6	Car	1.82	2.31
7	None of these assets	22.60	11.46

**Source: Population Census 2011** 

The table represents some of the aspects of economic status of scheduled caste in Kerala and India. And it shows Kerala shows a better position compared to National

level. In the case of Banking service, about 60.15 percentage of the total scheduled caste in Kerala enjoys the facility. In the case of television, it is 61.17 percentage. But in the case of computer with internet facility, Kerala has a percentage of 1.93, which is not a good average even though the national average falling behind the state. Now a day the accessibility of landline is not relevant, even though it is 6.34. Considering the vehicle, about 10.36 percentage have their own two wheelers and 2.31 percentage have their own cars. And about 11.46 Percentage do not enjoy these services.

Table.4.7
Strength of scheduled Caste in Kerala 2018-2019

	Standard-wise Strength of SC/ST Students in Kerala: 2018-19 (Provisional)													
Standard	G	overnmen	t Schools		P	rivate Aideo	d Schools		Private Unaided Schools					
Standard	Total	Others	SC	ST	Total	Others	SC	ST	Total	Others	SC	ST		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
I	102697	83871	15190	3636	169112	148571	17765	2776	52720	50028	2460	232		
II	102728	83633	15266	3829	173441	152252	18260	2929	53227	50390	2608	229		
II	100442	81609	15056	3777	173343	151936	18437	2970	52032	49236	2564	232		
IV	103829	84725	15349	3755	180059	158368	18743	2948	51314	48571	2544	199		
V	100572	83645	12893	4034	222579	196093	23417	3069	36251	34616	1442	193		
VI	103878	86540	13071	4267	231524	204046	24223	3255	34326	32980	1155	191		
VII	108697	90345	13735	4617	240263	211471	25401	3391	34677	33430	1083	164		
VIII	136794	115219	16414	5161	244597	219114	22971	2512	29001	27974	894	133		
IX	141037	118302	17203	5532	256079	229057	24147	2875	29950	28928	870	152		
X	145299	122109	18030	5160	262885	235231	24997	2657	30465	29472	865	128		
Total	1145973	949998	152207	43768	2153882	1906139	218361	29382	403963	385625	16485	1853		

**Source: Directorate of Public Instruction** 

The educational attainment of scheduled caste in Kerala in 2018-19 is analyzed based on the class wise the strength of scheduled caste students. In first standard in the case of government school out of 10269 students, about 15190 are Scheduled caste, while in the case of private aided school out of 169112, about 17765 are Scheduled caste, and in private unaided school, out of 52720, the share of Scheduled caste is 2460. In Second standard the distribution of scheduled caste in government streams are 15266 from 102728, in private aided school out of 173441, 18260 are Scheduled caste, and in private unaided it is 2460 from 52720. In third standard, in government stream out of100442, about 15056 are Scheduled caste, in private aided out of 173343, 18260 are Scheduled caste and in private unaided out of 52032, about 2564 are sc. In fourth

standard out of 103829,15349 are Scheduled caste in government sector, out of 180059 about 18743 are Scheduled cate, and it is 2544 from51314 in private unaided school. In fifth standard the distribution is out of 100572 in government school, about 12893 are Scheduled caste, in private aided school out 222579, about 23417 are scheduled caste, and in private unaided school the strength is 1442 from 36251. In sixth standard the government school covers the strength of13071 of 103878, in private aided it is 24223 of 231524, and in private unaided it is 1155 of 34326. In seventh standard the scheduled caste in these three sections is 13735, 25401 and 1083 out from 108697, 240263 and 34677 respectively. In eighth standard the distribution of scheduled caste strength is 16414, in the case of government sector out of 136794, in the case of private aided section it is 22971 out of 244597, and 894 out of 29001. In Ninth standard it is 17203 in government stream,24147 in private aided scheme and 870 in private unaided stream. By the last tenth standard the distribution is out of 145299 about 18030 belongs to government institutions, in the case of private aided it is 24997 from 256079 and in private unaided it is 865 from 30465.

Table 4.8

District wise /Stage wise Drop out Ratio among SC Students in Kerala: 2017-18

		Govern	ment Sch	ool	Private .	Aided Sc	hool	Private U	naided So	chool
SI No	District	Enrolment	Drop out	% Drop out	Enrolment	Drop out	% Drop out	Enrolment	Drop out	% Drop out
1	Thiruvananthapuram	24684	28	0.11	16659	23	0.14	3161	13	0.41
2	Kollam	18795	24	0.13	23455	15	0.06	2195	7	0.32
3	Pathanamthitta	6534	4	0.06	11527	8	0.07	899	0	0
4	Alappuzha	8252	1	0.01	13912	4	0.03	898	0	0
5	Kottayam	4578	10	0.22	13835	13	0.09	643	0	0
6	Idukki	6344	34	0.54	6779	19	0.28	1067	2	0.19
7	Ernakulam	8402	16	0.19	18339	31	0.17	2491	3	0.12
8	Thrissur	11848	9	0.08	31498	41	0.13	1517	0	0
9	Palakkad	21539	40	0.19	33031	61	0.18	1700	2	0.12
10	Malappuram	21914	5	0.02	25157	9	0.04	1154	0	0
11	Kozhikode	9090	10	0.11	15535	8	0.05	798	0	0
12	Wayanad	2542	15	0.59	1991	3	0.15	184	0	0
13	Kannur	3368	6	0.18	5972	7	0.12	232	0	0
14	Kasaragod	3971	25	0.63	3406	6	0.18	136	0	0
15	Total	151861	227	0.15	221096	248	0.11	17075	27	0.16

**Source: Directorate of Public Instruction** 

The table explains the details regarding the drop-outs of Scheduled Caste in various districts in Kerala during 2017-18. More specified data from the sector-wise

distribution also availed from the same; i.e. from Government, Private aided and Private Unaided. The enrolment during that period can also be obtained and realized from the table. In Trivandrum district, the drop-outs are 0.11% in Government schools, 0.14% in Private- aided schools, and 0.41% in Private unaided schools. In Kollam, it is 0.13% in Government, 0.06% in Private aided and 0.32% in Private un aided. In Pathanamthitta, it is 0.06% in Government, 0.07% in Private aided, and 0% in private unaided. In Alappuzha, it is 0.01% in Government, 0.03% in Private aided and 0% in private unaided schools. In Kottayam, it is 0.22% in government, 0.09% in private aided and 0% in Private unaided. In Idukki, it is 0.54% in government schools, 0.28% in private aided and 0% in Private unaided school. In Ernakulam, it is 0.19% in government, 0.17% in private aided and 0.12% in private unaided schools. In Thrissur, it is 0.08% in government schools, 0.13% in private aided and 0% in private unaided schools. In Palakkad, it is 0.19% in government schools, 0.18% in private aided schools and 0.12% in private unaided school. In Malappuram, it is 0.02% in government, 0.04% in private aided and 0% in private unaided. In Kozhikode, it is 0.11% in government, 0.05% in private aided and 0% in private unaided schools. In Wayanad, it is 0.59% in government, 0.15% in private aided and 0% in private unaided schools. In Kannur, it is 0.18% in government, 0.12% in private aided, and 0% in private unaided. And in Kasaragod, it is 0.63% in government, 0.18% in private aided and 0% in private unaided. By considering the total percentage of drop-outs in these streams in 2017-18, the average in government sector is 0.15%, 0.11% in private aided schools and 0.16% in private unaided schools. In the case of private unaided schools in Kerala, about 9 districts shows 0% of drop-outs, the other 5 districts are, Thiruvananthapuram, Kollam, Idukki, Ernakulam and Palakkad. In Government schools, the top three districts show a higher drop-outs are Kasaragod, Wayanad, and Idukki. In private aided, its Idukki, Palakkad and Kasaragod have the same percentage and Ernakulam in 2017-18.

Table 4.9

Number of SC Students appeared and passed Higher secondary Examinations
2014-2019

Year	Number o	of Students	Appeared	Number	of Students	s Passed	Percentag
1 Cai	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	e
2014-15	19214	21475	40689	9952	14805	24757	60.84
2015-16	19567	21297	40864	9237	14371	23608	57.77
2016-17	21523	23122	44645	10352	16177	26529	59.42
2017-18	18616	21205	39821	9723	15568	25291	63.51
2018-19	17760	19865	37625	9741	15205	24946	66.30

**Source: Economic Review 2019** 

This table explains the year wise intake and outgoing students in the stream of Higher secondary examinations from 2014-2019. In 2014 about 40689 appeared, out of this, only 24757 were passed out. Which constituted by a percentage of 60.84. In 2015-16, it was 40864 and the passed-out students are 23608 (57.77%). In 2016-17, the number of students appeared were 44645, among these, 26529 were passed out. In 2017-18, it is 39821 were appeared and 25291 were passed out. i.e., 63.51%. And in 2018-19, The number of students who appeared for the examinations are 37625 and the passed-out students are 24946. (66.30%). Along with that, the table clearly shows the downward trend in the case of appearing for the examinations, and an increasing the pass percentage.

Table 4.10

Number of SC Students and SC Teachers in Technical High Schools (2015-16 to 2018-19)

Year	Nun	nber of Stu	dents	Number of Teachers					
1 Cal	Boys	Girls	Total	Men	Women	Total			
2015-16	729	101	830	51	16	67			
2016-17	768	91	859	58	14	72			
2017-18	796	85	881	50	18	68			
2018-19	800	79	879	49	17	66			

**Source: Directorate of Technical Education** 

The table shows the number of Scheduled caste students and teachers in Technical High Schools during various years from 2015-16 to 2018-19. And the table also shows the distribution of boys and girls in students and men and women in teachers. In the year 2015-16 the total number of scheduled caste students are 729, out of it about 101 are girls and 830 are boys. The teachers are about 67 and out of it, 51 are men and 16 are women. In 2016-17 the distribution of SC students is 859, and the girl boy rate are 91 and 768. In the teacher's category, the total is 72, and the men women rate are 58 and 14 respectively. In 2017-18 the total scheduled caste students are 881 and the total teachers are 68. And the distribution of students is 796 boys and 85 girls, in teachers, 50 are men and 18 are women. And in 2018-19, total number of teachers are 66, out of it 17 are women and 49 are men. In the case of students, 800 are boys and 79 are girls. By considering this, we can conclude that, in the student's category, all the years provide a major biasness towards boys, and in teachers, men teachers are greater in amount. Which means the participation of women and girls are lesser in technical education.

The following table represents the scheduled caste students and teachers in polytechnics. In the year 2016-17, in government streams, about 1910 students are studying, and in private aided polytechnics the total students are 228. A total of 2138 in 2016-17. In 2017-18, students in government streams are 1724 and in private aided stream, it is 265, and had a total of 1989. And in 2018-19 the total number of students is 2227, and the distribution is 2036 belonging to government sector and 191 students belonging to private aided stream. In the case of teachers both in government and in private aided streams in the same years, 1 each faculty employed; so also in private aided polytechnics. In government, it is 140 in 2016-17,134 in 2017-18 and 143 in 2018-19.

Table 4.11

Number of SC Students and Teachers in Polytechnics

Type of		Students		Teachers			
Institution	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	
Government Polytechnics	1910	1724	2036	140	134	143	
Private Aided Polytechnics	228	265	191	1	1	1	
Total	2138	1989	2227	141	135	144	

**Source: Directorate of Technical Education** 

Table 4.12

Details of Scheduled Caste studying in Government and Private (Aided) Arts and Science Colleges in Kerala During 2017-18 (No. of Students)

SI NO	Name of Course	Scheduled caste						
SINO	reame of Course	Boys	Girls	Total				
1	B. A	4581	9407	13988				
2	B.Sc.	3121	12278	15399				
3	B. Com	2484	3517	6001				
4	M.A	338	1971	2309				
5	M.Sc.	295	1801	2096				
6	M.Com	374	442	816				
Total		11193	29416	40609				

**Source: Directorate of Collegiate education** 

The table shows the number of scheduled caste students studying in various arts and science colleges in government streams. From the table its clear the trend of girls compared to that of boys are greater. The proportion of boys are somewhat less than half of the total strength of the specified category.

Table 4.13

Major Institutions under Scheduled Caste Development Department

SI No	Name of Institution	Total Numbers
1	Nursery Schools	88
2	Model Residential schools including Ayyankali Memorial Government  Model Residential Sports School	10
3	Pre-matric Hostels for girls and boys	87
4	Post-Matric hostels for girls and boys (10 for boys and 7 for girls	17
5	Pre-Examination Training Centre	4
6	Institute of Civil Service Examination Training Society (ICSET)	1
7	Industrial training Institutes	44
8	Centre for Research and Education for Social Transformation (CREST) an autonomous institution-Kozhikode	1
9	Medical College Palakkad	1
10	Paramedical Institutes at Trivandrum and Thrissur	2
11	Model Residential Polytechnic, Palakkad	1
12	Community College-Vadakkencherry	1
13	Cybersri	1

**Source: SC Development Department.** 

The table provides an explanation related to the institutions reserved for scheduled caste in Kerala under Scheduled Caste Development Department. The state having about 88 Nursery schools, 10 Model Residential Schools including Ayyankali Memorial Government Model Residential School, 87 Pre- Matric hostels for girls and boys, 17 Post matric hostels for boys and girls, 4 pre examination training centers, 1 Institute of Civil Service Examination Training Society, 44 Industrial Training Institutes, 1 Centre for Research and Education for Social Transformation in Kozhikode, 1 Medical college Palakkad, 2 Paramedical Institutes at Trivandrum and Thrissur, 1 Model Residential Polytechnic at Palakkad, 1 Community Medical College at Vadakkencherry, and a Cybersri.

### The facilities available from the institutes are;

- Nursery Schools: Admission for 30 students only. Daily feeding charge-Rs 30.
   Uniform Charge-Rs 600, Lump sum grant-Rs 190.
- 2. Model residential Schools including Ayyankali Memorial Government Model Residential Sports School: Admission is given for students from 5<sup>th</sup> Std onwards. Parents annual income should be less than 1 Lakh. Food allowance of Rs 2500 per month for students up to 10<sup>th</sup> Std, Rs 150 for +2 students, uniform allowance of Rs 3750 and traveling allowance for home visit during holidays are also provided.
- 3. Pre-Matric Hostels for boys and girls- Admission from 5<sup>th</sup> Std. Two sets of Uniform, Food, Chappal, Bag, Monthly Pocket money of Rs 130, traveling allowance for home visit during holidays, food allowance is Rs 2000 per month.
- 4. Post-Matric hostels for boys and girls-food, pocket money of Rs 190, traveling allowance for home visit during holidays, food allowance of Rs 2300 per month.
- 5. Pre-Examination Training Centre- training with stipend in medical/engineering entrance, job-oriented courses and other competitive Examination.
- 6. ICSET: Admission for those who are selected in the state level entrance examination, one-year training is provided for participating in all India level competitions, accommodation facilities and library facilities are also provided.

- 7. Industrial Training Institutes-Fees Concession, uniform allowance of Rs 900, lump sum grant Rs820 for 1<sup>st</sup> Year and 630 for 2<sup>nd</sup> Year, monthly stipend Rs 630. Tuition provided to the candidates who have failed in All India level trade test.
- 8. CREST: Provide three weeks' orientation course to enable students to actively involved in curricular and co-curricular activities in the engineering colleges and to improve their learning and communication skills. The candidates will be provided mentoring support from CREST throughout their four-year B-Tech Degree course. The expenses of the students towards travel, food and accommodation will be met by CREST.
- 9. Palakkad Medical College: Admission for MBBS course for 70 SC students,19 treatment units, 500 beds.
- 10. Paramedical institutes: Health inspector course for 57 (40 SC, 9 ST, 8Gen) students in Kuzhalmannam, Palakkad and Diploma in Medical Laboratory Training course in Pilathara, Kannur, 2 batches with 27 students. Lump sum grant Rs 850, Actual Boarding and Lodging Charge Rs 3500, Pocket money Rs 190 per month.
- 11. Model Residential Polytechnic: Admission is given for 3 students.
- 12. Community College Vadakkencherry: Training is given for 20 students in a modern high-tech course, Certificate programme in principal machinist including one-year institutional training and one-year industrial training. Stipend Rs 1500 for hostelers and Rs 500 for day scholars, lump sum grant Rs 630. Study tour allowance Rs 2500 per student.
- 13. Cybersri: Special support and mentoring programme for 60 students. Rs 1000 monthly stipend.

# **Education Programme for the Scheduled Caste**

The following explanations provides the details regarding the financial assistance obtained from the government at various levels of education.

- a) Pre-primary education Program: Now a day the LKG, UKG students are getting an amount of Rs 10 as feeding charge, Rs 300 for uniform and Rs 150 as lump sum grant per day through local self-Government wings.
- b) Pre-Matric education program:

- Lump sum grant: for nursery class, the government provides Rs 150 as lump sum grant. From 1-4 standards on wards, Rs 250, 5-7 standards Rs 500, and for 8-10 Rs 750 are providing within 15 days immediately after the school has re-opened. But the failed students get only half of the prescribed amount.
- Vedan, Vettuva, Nayadi and like categories get a stipend of Rs 100 for LP, Rs 125 for UP and Rs 150 for high school/month. The siblings from particular category who has engaged in nasty or unhygienic work get Rs 110 for LP, UP and High school as stipend along with Rs 750 as ad hoc grants and Rs 1000 for day scholars and hostelers irrespective of their castes. For availing the above-mentioned benefit, they need to submit the certificate issued by the concerned authority.

As a part of primary education aid the scheduled caste students studying in either government or aided school are eligible to get an amount of 2000 rupees for purchasing bag, umbrella, books, shoes and uniform. The duly filled up application should be submitted to the concerned scheduled caste development officer by the head of the institution. This is only for 1-4 classes.

Table 4.13.1
Stipend Details

Stipend	Class
Rs 100	LP
Rs 125	UP
Rs 150	High School

**Source: Government Official Record** 

Along with the above, pupils studying in un aided institution were able to receive their tuition fee.

• Re imbursement: The pupil studying in recognized un aided school were eligible to get their tuition fees as re imbursement. Those are as given in the following manner: For LP&UP the fee is Rs 1000, and a special fee of Rs 333. For High School the fee is Rs 1500, and a special fee Rs 500. For obtaining these the students list as in class wise should submitted to the concerned authority by the authorization of DEO/AEO.

Table 4.13.2 Scholarship for 9-10 class students

Scholarship (Per month)	Rs 150 (day scholar)	Rs 350 (Hostel)
Book Grant	Rs 1000 (day scholar)	Rs 750 (Hostel)

# Source: Government Official Record

The maximum amount they can claim is Rs 2250 for day scholars and Rs 4500 for hostelers.

- Boarding School Facility: The pupils from the family having an annual income of one lakh can study at the private boarding after completing their 4<sup>th</sup> standard. For it, they need to apply to the concerned authority by attaching the grades obtained at their Fourth Standard.
- Ayyankali Talent Search Scholarship: Up to tenth standard the pupil is entitled to get an amount of Rs 4500/year based on their grades obtained at fourth and seventh standard. For this the income certificate less than 100000 and caste certificate need to be submitted. If the annual income is less than Rs 12000, Rs 1500 for purchasing furniture is also available. For nutritious food in each month the government allot 100/month, and a total of Rs 1000/year to them.
- Entry to Model Residential School: For providing better education from 5<sup>th</sup> standard, model residential school was started. Now days about nine such schools are operating. For availing admission, the pupil should pass an entrance examination, which would be conducted in every January and February. Parent having an annual income less than one lakh may apply for this by the recommendation of the head of the institution.
- Pre-Matric hostel entry: about 87 pre-Matric hostels are functioning in our state. The entry is only from 5<sup>th</sup> standard. The pupil who got admitted is entitled to get two sets of uniform, Rs 2000 as food allowance, chappal and bag per month. Along with this they get an amount of Rs 100 as pocket money and travelling charge on holidays to visit their home.

- Subsidized hostel entry: Certain organizations carrying about nine hostels in Kerala. Through these the inmates get Rs 500 as per month boarding grant and Rs 500 as uniform allowance.
- Ayyankali memorial Government Model Residential Sports school: For providing sports coaching from 5<sup>th</sup> to12th standards. This were functioning in departmental trials are the step to get the selection. About 30 students can take admission at once. The syllabus is prescribed by CBSE, for each student they get Rs 130 as mess charge on each day.

#### c) Post Matric education:

- Lump sum grant and stipend: The pupils from +1 to PhD will get an amount of Rs 500 as stipend (if they were travelling more than 8 Kms, they are eligible to get Rs 600 as stipend). In the case of lump sum grant +2 students would get Rs 900, Degree students would have Rs 950, for the PG students the amount is Rs 1250. For professional course, it depends on the nature and would get Rs 350-Rs 2500 as lump sum grant. For this they should submit the applications through Akshaya Centre by attaching the community, income and SSLC certificate copy attested by the concerned head. (Applicable to OEC).
- The government is also providing special promotional prizes to the SC students who passed out the following examinations with first class and distinction. For SSLC/THSLC, first class secured will get an amount of 1500, for distinction it is 2500. +2, VHSE, Diploma, TTC, its 2500 for first class and 5000 for distinction. In degree it is 3500 and 7500 for first class and distinction respectively. For PG and other professional courses, it is 5000 and 10000 for first class and distinction respectively.
- Gold medal for rank holders: in medical and engineering entrance, the pupil who secured first rank will get a sovereign gold coin, for SSLC and +2, it is half sovereign. Its provision was done by the scheduled caste development director directly.
- Temple entry proclamation scholarship: The interest from the endowment along with the government grant is providing as a scholarship.

• Special coaching for the entrance examinations of medical and engineering, the eligible candidates requires B+ grade in plus one science.

Table 4.14

Number of Atrocities/Harassment against Scheduled caste in Kerala Up to 31/09/2019

Year	Number of Victims	Compensation Granted in			
i cai	Number of Victims	Lakh			
2013-14	350	127.2			
2014-15	351	132.04			
2015-16	245	146.75			
2016-17	267	251.69			
2017-18	397	511.99			
2018-19	981	618.91			

**Source: SC Development Department** 

The table shows the harassment faced by the scheduled caste people in Kerala. The year wise data shown up to 2019 from 2013. The period 2018-19 shows a higher degree of atrocities (about 981 persons). And they were able to get their compensation too, that comes to an amount of 618.91 lakhs. The next higher degree of problems reported in the year 2017-18. It comes to a number of 397 (compensation is 511.99 lakhs) followed by 2014-15 (351 cases) The compensation amount is 132.04 lakhs.

Table 4.15
SC Specification of Job distribution.

Category	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Gazatted	4397	4280	4039	3459	4093	3581
Non	23802	22662	22260	17957	23124	15551
Gazatted	23002	22002	22200	17757	23121	13331
Last grade	4265	4186	4256	2873	4528	4130

Source: Source: General Administration (Employment Cell-A) Department

The table explains the details of Scheduled Caste employees at various levels, especially Gazatted, Non Gazatted and Last grade levels in various years of 2014,2015,2016,2017,2018 and 2019. Total Gazatted employees during these years are 4397 in 2014, 4280 in 2015, 4039 in 2016, 3459 in 2017, 4093 in 2018 and in 2019, it is 3581. Considering the non Gazatted excluding last grade, the total employees are 23802 in 2014, 22662 in 2015, 22260 in 2016, 17957 in 2017, 23124 in 2018 and 4528 in 2019. And in the case of last grade, it is 4265 in 2014, 4186 in 2015, 4256 in 2016, 2873 in 2017, 4528 in 2018 and 4130 in 2019.

The following table made a comparison related to the distribution of main workers between the total population and the Scheduled caste in 2001 and in 2011. In 2001 the main workers in total population contribute a percentage of 25.87 and 2011, it is 27.93, but in the Scheduled caste category, it is 29.75 % in 2001 and 32.93 % in 2011. Considering the male main workers, it is 41.77% in 2001 and 44.8% in 2011 for the total population and 29.75 for the scheduled caste in 2001 and 47.03% in 2011. In the case of female main workers, it is 10.85% & 12.37% for the total population in 2001 and 2011. For the Scheduled caste it is 18.51 and 19.59 respectively in 2001 and 2011. Percentage of cultivators to main workers in total population, it is 7.12& 7.18% in 2001 & 2011. In Scheduled caste, it is 1.61 and 2.28% in 2001&2011. The agricultural laborers to main workers, it is 12.4 % and 14.18% in 2001&2011 for the total population, and 29.48& 29.9% in 2001 & 2011 for the scheduled caste. In Household industry, it is 3.35% & 2.93% for the total population in 2001& 2011, and for the scheduled caste, it is 2.6 & 2.07 in 2001 & 2011. Percentage of main workers engaged in other service, it is 77.13 & 75.71 for the total population in 2001 & 2011, for the scheduled caste, it is 66.31 and 65.75 in 2001 and 2011. In the case of marginal workers, it is 6.43 and 6.85 for the total population in 2001 and 2011, and 10.63 and 10.9 for the scheduled caste in the same years. And finally, regarding the work participation rate, it 32.3 and 34.78 for the total population and 40.38 and 43.83 for the scheduled caste in the same years.

Table 4.16

Distribution of Main Workers 2001&2011 in Percentages

Catagomy	To	otal	Schedule	ed Caste
Category	2001	2011	2001	2011
Main workers*	25.87	27.93	29.75	32.93
Male Main Workers	41.77	44.8	41.54	47.03
Female Main Workers	10.85	12.37	18.51	19.59
Percentage of Cultivators to Main Workers	7.12	7.18	1.61	2.28
Percentage of Agricultural Labourer's to Main Workers	12.4	14.18	29.48	29.9
Percentage of Main Workers engaged in Household Industry	3.35	2.93	2.6	2.07
Percentage of Main Workers engaged in other services	77.13	75.71	66.31	65.75
Marginal Workers*	6.43	6.85	10.63	10.9
Work Participation Rate	32.3	34.78	40.38	43.83

Source: Population Census 2001, 2011 (\* Percentage distribution based on total population)

Table 4.17

Year-wise SCSP outlay from 2014-15 to 2018-19 (Rs. in crore)

Year	SCSP
2014-15	1962
2015-16	1968.5
2016-17	2354.4
2017-18	2599.65
2018-19	2859.62

**Source: Budget Documents** 

Scheduled caste Sub-Plan is a plan developed under the Scheduled caste Development Bureau. And it is strategy developed for ensuring the flow of both financial as well as physical benefits from all the general sectors of development for the benefit of Scheduled caste. The table represents the year-wise outlay. In 2014-15, it is 1962 crores of rupees. In 2015-16, it is1968.5, in 2016-17 it is 2354.4 crore, in 2017-18, it is 2599.65 crores of rupees and in 2018-19, the fund outlay is 2859.62 crores of rupees.

`Table 4.18

Number of Houses Sanctioned and Constructed by the SC Development Department during 2013-14 to 2019-20 (up to 30-09-2019)

Sl		2013-14		2014-15		201:	2015-16		6-17	201′	7-18	(U <sub>1</sub>	8-19 p to /2018)	2018-19*		2019-20 **up to 30.09.2019	
N o	District	Sancti oned	Comp leted	Sancti oned	Nearin g Compl etion	sancti oned	compl eted	Sancti oned	Comp leted								
1	Thiruvanant hapuram	866	715	487	423	674	608	1670	1139	1001	486	1530	633	2	0	0	0
2	Kollam	736	550	440	361	540	420	1620	911	840	227	1705	502	0	0	0	0
3	Pathanamthitt a	336	290	263	224	340	297	861	521	497	186	831	339	31	21	0	0
4	Alappuzha	363	283	259	215	371	353	1014	562	575	414	1443	344	45	14	0	0
5	Kottayam	289	191	202	177	273	226	759	457	455	181	718	176	0	0	0	0
6	Idukki	294	209	251	191	289	213	559	405	435	176	575	157	17	12	0	0
7	Ernakulam	537	445	380	342	491	432	1355	1244	822	414	1079	112	0	0	0	0
8	Trissur	651	540	460	395	559	473	1635	1250	975	407	1434	172	130	31	0	0
9	Palakkad	750	504	588	506	724	583	2121	1310	1198	253	2253	557	5	1	0	0
1 0	Malappura m	869	725	634	559	569	465	1522	1132	900	393	1473	322	2	0	0	0
1	Kozhikode	339	226	250	171	328	252	984	608	586	343	1057	257	0	0	0	0
1 2	Wayanad	62	44	102	94	64	54	170	113	142	40	206	55	12	4	0	0
1 3	Kannur	200	141	100	79	167	144	374	274	264	63	424	64	1	0	0	0
1 4	Kasaragod	105	79	84	72	101	74	262	195	205	68	278	69	0	0	0	0
	Total	6397	4942	4500	3809	5490	4594	14906	10121	8895	3651	15006	3759	245	83	0	0

**Source: SC Development Department** 

\*Flood houses \*\*New houses

The table explains the details related to the total houses sanctioned and constructed in various years from 2013-14 to 2018-19 in all districts of Kerala by the Scheduled caste Development department. The total number of houses sanctioned and constructed in Kerala during 2013-14 are 6397&4942. In 2014-15, it is 4500&3809. In 2015-16, it is 5490&4594. In 2016-17, it is 14906&10121. In 2017-18, it is 8895&3651. And in 2018-19, it is 15006&3759 respectively. And in 20118-19 about 245 houses were sanctioned as flood houses, out of it about 83 were constructed. When we are considering the large number of houses sanctioned and constructed by the districts, in 2013-14, Malappuram sanctioned a higher number, that is 869 houses, out of this, about 725 were completed. Second position was grabbed by Thiruvananthapuram by an amount of 866 houses, the completed were 715, and third by Palakkad that had a number of 750 sanctioned, constructed about 504. In 2014-15, Malappuram 634 sanctioned, 559 constructed. Second Palakkad sanctioned 588, constructed 506, and Thiruvananthapuram sanctioned 487, and constructed 423. In 2015-16 Palakkad 724&583, Thiruvananthapuram 674&608 and Malappuram by 569&465. In 2016-17, Palakkad 2121&1310, Thiruvananthapuram 1670&1139, and Thrissur 1635&1250. In 2017-18, Palakkad 1198&253, Thiruvananthapuram 1001&486, and Thrissur 975&407. Finally, in 2018-19, Palakkad sanctioned 2253 houses, constructed 557, Kollam sanctioned 1705, constructed 502, and Thiruvananthapuram sanctioned 1530, constructed 633. In the case of flood houses in 2018-19, Thrissur got first position by considering the sanctioned houses, it comes about 130, out of it 31 were constructed. Second comes Alappuzha, by a total house of 45, out of it 14 were constructed, thirdly Pathanamthitta by a house of 31, and about 21 were constructed. In 2019-20, no new houses were sanctioned and completed. This shows that, no such districts were able to complete the project even at least 75% of the total sanctioning.

Table 4.19

Details of Land Provided to SC during 2016-17, 2017-18 and 2019-20 (up to 30-09-2019) (Rs. in lakh)

SI			2016-17			2017-18			2018-19		2019-20 up to 30.09.2019			
No	Districts	Amount	Expenditure	Persons benefited	Amount	Expenditure	Persons benefited	Amount	Expenditure	Persons benefitted	Amount	Expenditure	Persons benefitted	
1	Thiruvananthapuram	2335.19	2335.19	566	2250	2298.821	560	1996.5	1982.94	480	2238.5	640.68	151	
2	Kollam	1812.19	1812.19	442	1732.5	1713.9	426	1463.82	1457.82	310	1776	418.39	107	
3	Pathanamthitta	960.83	960.83	249	930	927.75	243	903.73	903.73	234	1017.5	346.25	90	
4	Alappuzha	929.84	929.84	245	930	910.2	237	764.25	734.43	193	962	372.22	92	
5	Kottayam	1095.95	1095.95	290	1072.5	1070.725	280	474.75	473.65	125	1184	260.5	69	
6	Idukki	696.13	696.13	185	840	847.17	220	587.25	587.25	155	869.5	281.75	70	
7	Ernakulam	1786.38	1786.38	470	1740	1758.69	467	1718.62	1711.12	450	1776	507.22	168	
8	Trissur	1594.394	1594.394	409	1552.5	1543.035	396	897.9	906.15	219	1628	281.2	66	
9	Palakkad	1723.39	1723.39	451	1770	1768.418	462	2207.9	1947.26	504	1813	302.56	79	
10	Malappuram	1131.02	1131.02	292	1117.5	1107.44	289	1251	1249.51	319	1147	110.25	27	
11	Kozhikode	1239.15	1239.15	297	1357.5	1355.738	332	1096.04	1096.04	260	1461.5	236.28	53	
12	Wayanad	651.65	651.65	169	697.5	649.15	168	542.7	542.7	135	684.5	94.5	25	
13	Kannur	839.03	839.03	218	945	933.75	240	963.55	963.55	240	980.5	240.75	56	
14	Kasaragod	694.5	694.5	182	1065	1065.75	280	1000.5	999	263	962	93.75	25	
	Total	17489.644	17489.644	4465	18000	17950.54	4600	15868.51	15555.15	3887.00	18500.00	4186.30	1078.00	

**Source: SC Development Department** 

The table shows the details of persons who benefitted in the form of availing funds to purchase the land by the Scheduled caste, or land obtained from the government in various years. That is in 2016-17, 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20 (up to 31/09/2019). In Trivandrum, about 566 persons benefitted in 2016-17, 560 are benefitted in 2017-18, in 2018-19 it is 480, and in 2019-20 up to 31/09/2019, it is 107. In Kollam, it is 442,426, 310 and 107 in those years. In Pathanamthitta, it is 249,243,234 and 90 persons. In Alappuzha, it is 245, 237,193 and 92 persons. In Kottayam, it is 290,280,125 and 69. In Idukki, it is 185, 220,155 and 70. In Ernakulam, it is 470, 467,450 and 168. In Thrissur, it is 409, 396,219 and 66. In Palakkad, it is 451, 462,504 and 79. In Malappuram, it is 292, 289,319 and 27. In Kozhikode, it is 297, 332,260 and 53. In Wayanad, it is 169, 168,135 and 25. In Kannur, it is 218, 240,240 and 56. And in Kasaragod, it is 182, 280,263 and 25 respectively. By considering the totality of persons in 2016-17, it is 4465 in all districts, in 2017-18, it is 4600, in 2018-19 it is 3887 and in 2019-20, it is 1078. In the case of fund amount and expenditure, in these years; the total amount in the year 2016-17 is 17489.644 lakh, and expenditure is 17489.644 lakh. In 2017-18, the amount is 18000 lakhs, and the expenditure is 17950.54 lakh. In 2018-19, the amount is 15868.51 lakh, the expenditure is 15555.15 lakh. In 2019-20 the amount is 18500 and the expenditure is 4186.30 lakh. In 2016-17, a greater number of persons who benefitted are from Thiruvananthapuram, Ernakulam and Palakkad. In subsequent years too this trend continues.

		Annual	Plan 2017-18	Annual	Plan 2018-19	20	19-20
S1.	Name of						Expenditure
No.	scheme	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	as on 30/09/2019
A			Sta	te Scheme	es		30/09/2019
			Scheme	s through S	SCDD		
1	Land to Landless families for construction of houses	18000	17928.56	22500	15498.51	18500.00	6582.36
2	House to Houseless, completion of partially constructed houses, improvement of dilapated households	50000	57383.77	38000	43038.50	20000	7658.88
3	Development Programme for the Vulnerable Communities among SC	1700	1688.46	5000	2410.08	5000	1773.06
4	Housing scheme for Homeless SCs (life Mission0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	40000	0.00
5	Pooled Fund for special Projects under SCSP	100	97.74	100	0	100	0
6	Modernization and e- governance initiatives in Development Department	500	484.51	550	298.55	300.00	209.01
7	Corpus Fund for SCSP (Critical Gap filling)	7888	8488.02	10000	6000.75	10000	902.82
8	Contribution to SC/ST Federation	150	100	165	100	200	000
9	Financial Assistance for Marriage of SC Girls	5500	5946.85	6500	5384.11	7000	4615.75
10	Management of Model	1500	1443.16	1500	1203.11	1500	728.53

		Annual	Plan 2017-18	Annual	Plan 2018-19	20	19-20
Sl.	Name of						Expenditure
No.	scheme	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	as on
	D 11 11						30/09/2019
	Residential Schools						
	including						
	Ayyankali						
	Memorial						
	Model						
	Residential						
	School for						
	Sports,						
	Vellayani.						
1.1	Assistance for	40410	22011 40	40540	22004.47	25000	7791 24
11	Education of SC Students	40410	23011.48	40549	23904.47	25000	7781.24
	Assistance for						
	Training,						
1.2	Employment	4000	2545 (	4200	2051 07	3800	2022.29
12	and Human	4000	3545.6	4300	3851.87	3800	2023.28
	Resource						
	Development						
	Share Capital						
	Contribution to Kerala State						
	Development						
	Corporation for						
13	Scheduled	2500	1771.99	3000	3000	2500	0.000
	Castes and						
	Scheduled						
	Tribes (51%						
	State Share)						
	Implementation of Protection of						
	Civil Rights						
	(PCR) Act and						
14	Prevention of	775	1152.1	1000	1114.70	1250	710.2
	Atrocities						
	(POA) Act						
	(50% state						
15	share)	1000	999.87	1100	1000.62	1100	740.61
13	Valsalyanidhi		New Schemes	1100	1099.62	1100	740.61
	Dr. Ambedkar		Selfellies			1	
1.6	Village			10000	270	10000	1249.26
16	Development			10000	270	10000	1248.36
	scheme						
17	Health Care			5000	4082.18	6000	1933.44
	scheme				-		
	Additional State assistance						
18	to post metric			1500	0.00	5171	0.00
	studies						
		s through l	Rural Developm	ent Depar	tment		
	Pradhan						
	Manthri Awas						
19	Yojana	5951	1555.08	973	733.39	2379	153.79
	(PMAY) SCSP						
	(40% state						

	Annual Plan 2017-1		Plan 2017-18	Annual	Plan 2018-19	2019-20	
Sl. No.	Name of scheme	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	Expenditure as on 30/09/2019
	share) Deen Dayal						
20	Anthyodaya Yojana (DAY NRLM) SCSP (40% state share)	700	214	3674	2069.99	3750	0.00
	Share)	Schei	nes through PW	/D			
21	Works and Buildings	1500	1637.2	500	672.69	600	222.09
22	Construction of Boy's Hostel (50% state share)	436	20.76	125	77.95	250	34.41
23	Construction of Working Women's hostel	150	0	1000	0.00	500	0.00
	Total State Plan schemes (A)	142760	127469.15	157036	114810.47	164900	37317.65
		entrally Sp	onsored/assisted	schemes			
24	Special Central Assistance to Scheduled Caste Sub Plan (outside state	1500	456.31	1500	732.95	1500	182.258
В	plan)	<u> </u>					
25	Implementation of Protection of Civil Rights (PCR) Act and Prevention of Atrocities (POA) Act (50% state share)	775	ponsored schem	1000	988.02	1250	710.02
26	KSDC for SC and ST Ltd. (49% Central share)	2402	0	2882	2882	2402	0.00
27	Construction of Boy's Hostel (50% Central share)	436	20.76	125	77.95	250	34.41
	Sub Total B (CSS 50%)	3613	945.52	4007	3947.97	3902	929.69
С		entrally Sp	onsored scheme	es (100%)			
28	Post -Matric Scholarship to Scheduled Caste Students	28600	20610.87	15000	14765.81	17000	14836.23
29	Upgradation of merit of SC students	20	0	20	12	20	0

		Annual	Plan 2017-18	Annual	Plan 2018-19	20	19-20
Sl.	Name of						Expenditure
No.	scheme	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	as on
30	Pre-matric Scholarships to the Children of those engaged in unclean occupations	40	19.39	50	17.27	50	0.57
31	Construction of Girl's hostels (post matric)- Babu jagjivan Ram Chharwas Yojana (100% CSS)	400	108.69	400	30.19	400	0.00
32	Pre-matric scholarship for SC Students studying in classes IX and X (100% CSS)	2000	2000	2200	2000	2200	0.00
	31.1.1.2.2.	1	New Schemes				
33	National Safai Karamcharis Finance and Development Corporation (NSKFDC)			250	0.00	50	0.00
34	Venture Capital Fund for Scheduled Castes			500	0.00	1.00	0.00
35	Credit Enhancement Guarantee Scheme for Scheduled Castes			700	0.00	1.00	0.00
36	Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY)			100	0.00	15	0.00
37	Assistance to Voluntary Organizations working for welfare of SCs		\	50	0.00	1.00	0.00
	D 11 3 3	Rural D	evelopment Scl	neme			
38	Pradhanmanthri Awas Yojana- Gramin (PMAY) SCSP (60% Central Share)	8927	2337.8	1460	1099.77	3568	102.53
39	Deen Dayal Anthyodaya Yojana (DAY NRLM) SCSP	1050	321	5511	3014.95	5625	0.00

		Annual Plan 2017-18		Annual Plan 2018-19		2019-20	
Sl. No.	Name of scheme	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	Expenditure	Outlay	Expenditure as on 30/09/2019
	(60% central share)						
	Sub Total C (100% CSS)	41037	25397.75	26241	21029.98	28931	14939.33
	Total Central schemes(B+C)	44650	26343.27	30248	24977.95	32833	15869.02
	Grand Total (A+B+C)	187410	153812.42	187284	139788.42	197733	53186.68

Source: SCDD plan Space

The table provides the scheme wise outlay and expenditure for the welfare of Scheduled caste in Rs Lakh. The explanation is done on the basis of annual plan in 2017-18 and 2018-19 & 2019-20. These provisions were done through Scheduled caste Development Department. The major categorizations are; state schemes, centrally sponsored schemes based on 50 % criteria and centrally sponsored scheme on 100% criteria. The State plans are again classified into two; they are New schemes and Schemes through PWD. These schemes cover about 22 schemes. The 22 schemes had an outlay of 142760 lakhs and the expenditure from this is 127469 lakhs for the annual plan of 2017-18. In the annual plan of 2018-19, the total outlay is 157036 lakhs and expenditure from this is 114810.47 lakhs. Another component under this scheme is special Central assistance to Scheduled Caste Sub Plan. In this, the total outlay is 1500 lakhs in 2017-18, and an expenditure is 456.31 lakh. In 2018-19, the outlay is 1500 and an expenditure of 732.95 lakh. And in 2019-20, it is 1500 & 182.258 lakh. Second scheme is Centrally sponsored schemes on 50% criteria. In this, in 2017-18 annual plan, the total outlay is 3613 lakhs, expenditure is 945.52 lakh. In 2018-19, the outlay is 4007 lakhs and the expenditure are 3947.97 lakhs, in 2019-20 it is 3902 & 929.69 Lakhs. Next is Centrally sponsored schemes on 100% criteria. Which is consisted with 12 schemes. For this the total outlay is 41037 lakhs, expenditure is 25397.75 lakhs. In 2018-19 annual plan, the total outlay is 26241 lakhs, the expenditure is 21029.98 lakhs, in 2019-20, it is 28931 & 14939.33. By a total of outlays and expenditure in these schemes in 2017-18, the total outlay is 187410 lakhs & the expenditure is 153812.42 lakhs. In 2018-19, it is 187284 lakhs and 139788.42, and in 2019-20, it is 197733& 53186.68 respectively.

Table 4.21

Outlay and Expenditure under SCA to SCSP (Rs. in lakh)

Year	Outlay	Amount released from Government of India	Expenditure	% of Expenditure			
2013-14	2000	1012	1391.79	92.43			
2014-15	2200	827.63	1293.01	90.04			
2015-16	2400	1497.37	1057.02	70.61			
2016-17	2400	550.73	1063.85	44.33			
2017-18	1500	1452	795.53	53.04			
2018-19	1500	1137.00	732.95*	48.86			
2019-20 as on 30/09/2019	1500	0.00	185.26	12.35			
* Actual release from Govt. of India							

Source: SC Development department

The table shows the outlay and expenditure under Special Central Assistance (SCA) to Scheduled caste Sub Plan (SCSP) in Rs lakh. In 2013-14, the total outlay under the scheme is 2000, in this about 1012 lakh of rupees provided by the government of India. From this an amount used as expenditure is 1391.79 lakh (i.e. 92.43%). In 2014-15, the outlay is 2200 lakh. In this the contribution by the government of India is 827.63 lakh. The expenditure under the scheme is 1293.01 lakh (about 90.04%). In 2015-16, the outlay is 2400 lakh, the governmental assistance during this year is 1497.37 lakh, the expenditure under the scheme is 1057.02 lakh, that is a percentage of 70.61%. In 2016-17, the outlay comes about 2400 lakh, the government share is 550.73 lakh. Expenditure under the same is 1063.85 lakh, which comes to a percentage of 44.33. In 2017-18, it is 1500 lakh, in this the government share is 1452 lakh. Expenditure under the scheme is 795.53 lakh, that is a percentage of 53.04. And finally, in 2018-19, the outlay is 1500 lakh, the government share on this is 1137 lakh, and the expenditure under the same is 732.95, that is by a percentage of 48.86. and finally, in 2019-20 (up to 30/09/2019) the outlay is 1500, in this there is no contribution, and the expenditure is 185.26 percentage wise detail is 12.35.

Table 4.22
Outlay and Expenditure of Pooled Fund (Rs. In lakh)

Year		SCSP	
i eai	Outlay	Expenditure	% of Expenditure
2013-14	3000	2431.11	81.04
2014-15	1000	524.77	52.48
2015-16	500	442.16	88.43
2016-17	500	513.34	102.67
2017-18	100	97.74	97.74
2018-19	100	0	0
2019-20 as on 30/09/2019	100	0	0

Source: SC development Department

This table explains the outlay and expenditure from the pooled fund in various time periods starting from 2013-14 to 2019-20. In 2013-14, the total outlay is 3000 lakhs and the expenditure are 2431.11 lakhs, about 81.04% has been used. In 2014-15, it is 1000 and 524.77 lakhs. It comes to a percentage of 52.48. In 2015-16, the outlay is 500 lakhs, and the expenditure is 442.16 lakhs. That is a percentage of 88.43. In 2016-17, it is 500 lakhs, and the expenditure are 513.34 lakhs, that is a percentage of 102.67. In 2017-18, it is 100 lakhs and the expenditure are 97.74 had a percentage of 97.74. In 2018-19 and 2019-20 too, it is 100 lakhs, and the expenditures details were not availed up-to 30/09/2019.

Table 4.23

Outlay and Expenditure under Critical Gap Filling Scheme (Corpus Fund) (Rs. in lakh)

Year		SCSP	0/ . CT 1:4	
y ear	Outlay Expenditure		% of Expenditure	
2013-14	18178.85	17750.89	97.65	
2014-15	12300	12722	103.43	
2015-16	20761	13601.24	65.51	
2016-17	24523	22848.01	93.17	
2017-18	7888	8205.4	104.02	
2018-19	10000	5745.47	57.45	
2019-20 as on 30.09.2019	10000	902.82	9.03	

**Source: SC Development Department** 

In this table, the explanation is related to the outlay and expenditure under the Critical Gap filling Scheme, that is corpus fund in lakhs. In 2013-14, the fund outlay is 18178.85 lakhs and the expenditure are 17750.89 lakhs, it comes to a percentage of 97.65. In 2014-15, it is 12300 lakhs, and the expenditure are 12722 lakhs, had a percentage of 103.43. In 2015-16, it is 20761 and 13601.24, in percentage it is 65.51. In 2016-17, the outlay is 24523 lakhs, and the expenditure are 22848.01 lakhs, that is by a percentage of 93.17. In 2017-18 the outlay is 7888 lakh and the expenditure are 8205.4, in percentage it is 104.02. In 2018-19 the outlay is 10000 lakhs, the expenditure is 5745.47 lakh, that is by a percentage of 57.45. And in 2019-20, the outlay is 10000, the expenditure is 902.82 lakh, that is by a percentage of 9.03. Only in two time periods, the fund utilized are more than what allowed and sanctioned. That is more than 100%. Those time periods are 2014-15 and 2017-18.

Table. 4.24

Number of persons benefitted under Self Employment Schemes during 2017-18

and 2018-19 (Rs. in lakh)

Sl			2017-2018		2018-2019			
N	District	Amount	Expenditu	Persons	Amount	Expenditu	Persons	
o		Sanction	re	Benefit	Sanction	re as on	Benefit	
		ed		ed	ed	31/08/18	ed	
1	Thiruvananthapur am	23.35	23.35	36	10.52	10.52	14	
2	Kollam	9.3	9.3	12	0	0	0	
3	Pathanamthitta	4.691	4.691	8	7.82	7.82	10	
4	Alappuzha	26.98	26.98	36	11.79	11.79	15	
5	Kottayam	12.248	12.248	17	2.83	2.83	4	
6	Idukki	11.55	11.55	15	8.69	8.69	12	
7	Ernakulam	65.95	65.95	88	0	0	0	
8	Trissur	30.87	30.87	39	14.92	14.92	19	
9	Palakkad	52.7	52.7	70	12.43	12.43	16	
10	Malappuram	7.63	7.63	9	14.05	14.05	16	
11	Kozhikode	6.92	6.92	10	1.98	1.98	2	
12	Wayanad	6.58	6.58	11	1.67	1.67	3	
13	Kannur	28.27	28.27	35	11.5	11.5	12	
14	Kasaragod	12.33	12.33	20	1.69	1.69	3	
	Total	299.369	299.369	406	99.89	99.89	126	

**Source: SC Development Department** 

The table explains regarding the details of the number of persons benefitted from the self-employment scheme during 2017-18 to 2018-19 (up to 31/08/2018). In 2017-18, an amount of 299.369 lakhs were sanctioned and utilized for the same in all districts of Kerala. And from this, about 406 persons were benefitted. In 2018-19, the sanctioned amount is 99.89 lakhs, but the details regarding the fund availed only up to 31/08/2018. This fund too was completely utilized and the number of persons benefitted from the same were 126. The top three districts which shared the lion share of the funds were; Ernakulam (65.95 lakhs), benefitted persons were 88. Second Palakkad (52.7 Lakhs), about 70 persons were benefitted and third by Thrissur that had an amount of 30.87 lakhs. The beneficiaries are 39. In 2018-19 (i.e. up to 31/08/2018), Thrissur, Malappuram and Palakkad acquired the top three positions. Specification related the funds are, in Thrissur, it is 14.92 lakhs spent for 19 persons, Malappuram 14.05 lakhs for Thrissur, which used for 16 persons and finally Palakkad got an amount of 12.43 lakhs spent for 16 persons.

Table. 4.25
Income Generating Schemes for the Scheduled caste.

SI NO	SCHEMES
1	KSDC Schemes
2	NSFDC Schemes
3	Other Welfare Schemes

**Source: Economic Review** 

The income generating schemes for the scheduled caste can be categorized into KSDC Schemes and NSFDC Schemes. Other welfare schemes provided under KSDC Schemes too cover marriage assistance, computer loans, car loans and personal loans for the government employees.

By considering the Multipurpose Unit loans, the financial achievements in 2017-18 is 77.65 lakh and 56.85 lakh in 2018-19, in physical achievement, it is 14 and 12 lakhs in the same years. And in Working Capital loans to petroleum, it is 7.5 in 2018-19 as financial achievement and 1 lakh in 2018-19 as physical achievement. And there are no achievements in 2017-18. This can be seen from the following table. And other details too incorporated within the table

Table: 4.25.1

KSDC Schemes (Rs. in Lakh)

SI		Financial A	chievements	Physical A	Achievement
No	Scheme	2017-18	2018-19 (up to 31/8/18)	2017-18	2018-19 (up to 31/08/18)
1	Beneficiary Oriented Scheme	2081.01	773.01	1712	620
2	Foreign employment scheme	2	7.5	1	4
3	Professional service scheme	3.5	3	2	1
4	Transport scheme XL (Auto)	77.94	41.41	37	15
5	Woman empowerment programme for SHGS		42.9		143
6	Multi-Purpose Unit Loan	77.65	56.85	14	12
7	Working capital loan to petroleum dealers		7.5		1

Source: Kerala State Development Corporation for SC/ST Ltd

Kerala State Development Corporation for Scheduled Caste Schemes cover various schemes. It explains both financial and physical achievements in 2017-18 & 2018-19. Major schemes under this are; Beneficiary Oriented Scheme, it shows about 2081.01 as the financial achievement in 2017-18, in 2018-19, it is 773.01 lakhs. The physical achievement is 1712 in 2017-18. In 2018-19 it is 620 lakhs. Considering the Foreign Employment Scheme, it is 2 lakhs in 2017-18 and 7.5 lakhs in 2018-19 as the financial achievement, in physical achievement, it is 1 and 4 lakhs in 2017-18 and 2018-19. In Professional Service Scheme, about 3.5 lakhs and 3 lakhs represents the financial achievements and 2&1 lakhs shows the physical achievements in 2017-18 and 2018-19. In the case of Transport Scheme includes auto, about 77.94&41.41 lakhs as financial achievement in 2017-18 an 2018-19. In physical achievement, it is 37&15 lakhs in the same time period. In Women Empowerment Schemes for SHGs, the year 2017-18 do not have both financial and physical achievements, but in 2018-19, the physical achievements are 42.9 and 143 lakhs respectively.

Table: 4.25.2

NSFDC Schemes (Rs. In Lakh)

		Financial A	Achievement	Physical achievement		
SI No	Schemes	2017-18	2018-19 (up to 31/08/18)	2017-18	2018-19 (up to 31/08/18)	
1	Land purchase scheme for Agri. Laborer's	8		3		
2	Laghu Vyavasay Yojana	345.8	181.54	194	85	
3	Micro credit finance scheme	86.5	24.5	173	49	
4	Mahila Samridhi Yojana	119.5	40.5	239	81	
5	Transport scheme XLV (Auto taxi)	20.4	4.32	6	1	

Source: Kerala State Development Corporation of SC/ST Ltd

This sub table covers five programme under NSFDC Schemes and it shows the financial as well as the physical achievements' in 2017-18 to 2018-19. Major programme under the schemes are land purchase scheme for agricultural laborers, laghu Vyavasay yojana, micro credit finance scheme, Mahila Samridhi yojana and transport scheme XLV (auto taxi). In land purchase scheme for agricultural laborers, about 8 lakhs in 2017-18 shows the financial achievements, in 2018-19, there is no achievements. In the case of Physical achievements, the year 2017-18 shows about 3 lakhs belongs to the same and no achievements in 2018-19. Laghu Vyavasay Yojana shows a financial achievement of 345.8 lakhs and 181.54 lakhs in 2017-18&2018-19, and 194 lakhs&85 lakhs as Physical achievements in the same years. Considering the Micro Credit Finance Scheme, the amount 86.5 lakhs&24.5 lakhs represent the financial achievements in 2017-18&2018-19, and 173 lakhs and 49 lakhs represent the physical achievements in the same. In Mahila Samridhi Yojana about 119.5&40.5 lakhs shows the financial achievements in 2017-18 &2018-19, in physical achievements, it is 239 lakhs and 81 lakhs respectively in the same time periods. In Transportation Scheme especially for auto taxi, it is 20.4&4.32 lakhs in financial achievements and 6&1 lakh as physical achievements.

Table: 4.25.3
Other welfare Schemes

SINo	Sahamas	2017-18 2018-19 (up to 31/08/18)		2017-18	2018-19 (up to 31/08/18)	
SI No Schemes			chievement in Lakh	Physical Achievement in Rs Lakh		
1	Education Loan	30.92	3.66	20	3	
2	Marriage assistance	2680.32	1362.34	1748	771	
3	Computer Loans to SC students	8.68		22		
4	Personal Loans to Government Employees	316.75	481.12	334	284	
5	Car Loan		44.09		9	

Source: Kerala State Development Corporation for SC/ST Ltd

The table shows the KSDC Schemes and its achievements in 2017-18 and 2018-19 both financial and physical achievements. In this scheme the component of education came. In the case of education loan about 30.92 and 3.66 lakhs represents the financial achievement in 2017-18& 2018-19, in the case of physical achievements it is 20 lakhs and 3 lakhs respectively. In Marriage assistance, an amount of 2680.32 lakhs & 1362.34 lakhs came as the financial assistance in 2017-18 and 2018-19, and in physical achievement, it is 1748 and 771 lakhs in the same time period. In Personal loans to government employees, the financial achievements are 316.75 lakhs and 481.12 lakhs in 2017-18 and 2018-18, and in Physical achievement, the amount 334 lakhs and 284 lakhs shows the physical achievements. In Car loans the time period 2018-19 shows an amount of 44.09 lakhs as financial achievements, and 9 lakhs represents the physical achievement in the same year, and in 2017-18 there is no physical achievement and financial achievement.

By considering the financial assistance under various schemes the government spends an amount under various years are; in 2017-18 in Rs 6249.68 lakhs, in 2018-19, it is 3322.55 lakhs. This is a financial achievement. In the case of Physical achievement in 2017-18, it is 4824 lakhs of Rupees and in 2018-19 it is 2232 lakhs. This data shows the totality of amounts spent by the government.

The following section deals with the financial assistance provided by the government to the Scheduled caste pupils during 2016-17. From this, it is clear that the financial burden for the educational attainment of Scheduled caste is greater for the Government, since it was fully paid by the government itself. The only reason behind such facility is to make them feel that the education is not that much costly expensive, and at the same time, the money provided by the government will attract those people up to an extent. And the major forms of such assistance are; stipend, lumpsum grant, pocket money, paying guest fee, contingency and for project also.

Table 4.26.1

Financial assistance provided by the Government during 2016-2017 for various courses

Course	Stipend		Lump sun	n grant	Pocket Money		
	Beneficiary	Amount	Beneficiary	Beneficiary Amount		Amount	
Accounting and taxation	36	80020	36	32400			
Acharya	1	1960	2	2 2500		490	

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

The table explains that, the financial assistance in the form of stipend is 80020 for 36 pupils for the course of Accounting and Taxation and 1960 for 1 pupil in the course of Acharya. As lumpsum grant, about 32400 rupees were spent for the same 36 pupils, and about 2500 rupee was provided to 2 pupils. As pocket money, about 490 rupees were spent to only a single pupil in the same year.

**Table.4.26.2** 

Course	Stipe	nd	Lumpsum grant	
	Beneficiary	Amount	Beneficiary	Amount
Agriculture crop health management	66	147523	66	59860
Agriculture business and farm services	47	101387	47	42760
Agricultural science and processing technology	15	37236	15	13500
Agro-machinery and power engineering	1	120	1	900
Automobile technology	3	4083	3	2700

In agriculture crop health management, about 66 pupils received the stipend as well as lumpsum grant. That is about 147523 as stipend and 59860 as lumpsum grant. For agriculture business and farm services, about 47 are the beneficiaries of stipend and lumpsum grant. It is 101387 rupees as stipend and 42760 rupees as lumpsum grant. In agricultural science and processing technology course, the beneficiaries are 15 and the fund allotted to them is 37236 and 13500 respectively. In Agro machinery and power engineering, the lumpsum grant is 2700 rupees for 1 pupil and rupees 120 as stipend for that same person. And in Automobile technology, about 4083 rupees were spent as stipend for 3 pupils and 2700 rupees were spent as lumpsum grant to the same 3 persons.

The following table explains that during 2016-17, about 14187 rupees were spent as stipend on 9 Scheduled Caste pupils, rupees 49050 as lumpsum grant to 27 pupils, 2400 rupees as pocket money to 14 pupils and rupees 9000 as paying guest fee for 2 persons. In B. Com (Vocational) course, about 10 pupils received 21660 rupees as stipend, about 11 received 10450 rupees as lumpsum grant, and 450 rupees as pocket money by a pupil.

**Table 4.26.3** 

Course	Stipe	nd	Lumpsum grant		Pocket N	Money	Paying Guest fee	
	Benefici ary	Amou nt	Benefici ary	Amou nt	Benefici ary	Amou nt	Benefici ary	Amou nt
BArch	9	14187	27	49050	14	2400	2	9000
B. Com (vocation al) office managem ent and secretarial practice	10	21660	11	10450	1	450		

**Table. 4.26.4** 

Course	Stipe	nd	Lumpsum	n grant	Pocket	Money
	Beneficiary	Amount	Beneficiary	Amount	Beneficiary	Amount
BVoc animation and graphic design	8	14860	8	7600		
BVoc Digital film production	3	7200	3	2850		
BVoc Hospitality management	3	10200	3	2850		
BVoc Logistic management	22	57760	23	21850	1	900
BVoc marketing management &information technology	7	24000	8	7600	1	900
BVoc Medical Laboratory	1	3000	1	950		
BVoc multimedia	6	15100	8	7600	2	1500
BVoc Retail management and information technology	3	10200	5	4750	1	900
BVoc software Development	16	50000	16	15200		

This table explains the information related to the financial assistance by the government in the field of BVoc course. It covers some specializations also. By considering the stipend details, about 69 persons benefitted, and it grabbed an amount of 192320 rupees. As lumpsum grant, the total amount distributed is 71250 for 73

pupils. And as pocket money, the total money distributed in the same BVoc course is 4200 rupees, and this amount was shared by about 5 pupils.

**Table 4.26.5-**

Course	Stipe	nd	Lumpsur	n grant	Pocket N	Ioney	Paying gu	est fee
	Beneficia	Amou	Beneficia	Amou	Beneficia	Amou	Beneficia	Amou
	ry	nt	ry	nt	ry	nt	ry	nt
BA	10	25286	33	31590	23	4650		
BA Arabic	7	10100	7	6650				
BA Bharatanatya m	7	17568	14	13300	7	4026		
BA Communicati ve English	80	17423 0	95	90250	13	8486		
BA Economics	2583	53764 46	2752	26405 60	125	72014	4	28500
BA English	1395	29859 00	1534	14777 00	115	68194	3	18000
BA English self- financing	1	3000	1	950				
BA English (v)copy editor	16	34112	16	15680				
BA English (Vocational)	3	7200	4	3800	1	600		
BA Functional English	103	23015 9	108	10356 0	5	2700		
BA Functional Hindi	8	20000	8	7600				
BA Hindi	339	64070 3	361	34319 0	19	9160		
BA History	1579	33776 61	1706	16363 00	99	56265	1	6242
BA Honours in English	8	4300	10	9500	1	150		
BA Islamic History	31	46142	32	30640	1	750		
BA Jyothisha	4	4500	4	3800				
BA Kannada	25	66700	25	23750				

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

The table provides a clear-cut explanation regarding the assistance provided to the students, especially some streams of BA course. For BA course, 10 pupils received 25286 rupees as stipend, 33 received 31590 rupees'as lumpsum grant and 23 got 4650 rupees worth pocket money. For BA Arabic course, about 7 received 10100 rupees as stipend and 6650 rupees as lumpsum grant. For BA Bhatha natium, 7 people received 17568 rupees as stipend, 14 by 13300 rupees as lumpsum grant and 7 got 4026 rupees

as pocket money. For BA Communicative English, 80 received 174230 rupees as stipend, 95 got 90250 rupees as lumpsum grant and 13 received 8486 rupees worth pocket money. For BA Economics, 2583 pupils received 5376446 rupees as stipend, 2752 received 2640560 rupees as lumpsum grant, 125 pupils received 72014 rupees as pocket money and 4 pupils received 28500 rupees as paying guest fee. For BA English, about 2985900 rupees received by 1395 pupils as stipend, 1534 received a lumpsum grant of 1477700 rupees, 115 received 68194 as pocket money and 3 received 18000 rupees as paying guest fee. For BA English Self-financing, 3000 rupees received by 1 person as stipend, and 950 rupees as lumpsum grant. For BA English Vocational Copy editor, 16 received 34112 rupees as stipend, and 15680 as lumpsum grant. For BA English Vocational, 3 received 7200 rupees as stipend, 4 received 3800 as lumpsum grant and 5 received 2700 as pocket money. For BA Functional English, 103 received 230159 rupees as stipend, 108 received 103560 as lumpsum grant and 5 received 2700 as pocket money. For BA Functional Hindi, 8 received 20000 as stipend and 7600 as lumpsum grant. For BA Hindi, 339 received 640703 rupees as stipend, 361 received 343190 as lumpsum grant, and 19 received 9160 rupees as pocket money. For BA History, 1579 received 3377661 rupees as stipend, 1706 received 1636300 as lumpsum grant, 99 received 56265 as pocket money and 1 received 6242 rupees as paying guest fee. For BA Honors English, the amount 4300 shared by 8 persons as stipend, 10 persons shared 9500 as lumpsum grant and 1 got 150 rupees as pocket money. For BA Islamic History, 31 received 46142 rupees worth stipend, 32 received 30640 rupees worth lumpsum grant and 1 received 750 rupees as pocket money. For BA Jyothisha, 4 received an amount of 4500 rupees as stipend and 3800 as lumpsum grant. And for BA Kannada, 25 received 66700 rupees as stipend and 23750 rupees as lumpsum grant.

**Table.4.26.6** 

Course	S	Stipend	Lumpsum grant		
BA Kathakali Chenda	1	2400	1 950		
BA Kathakali Vesham	1	2400	4	950	

The financial assistance in the field of BA Kathakali Chenda is received by a single person, that is by an amount of 2400 rupees as stipend and 950 rupees as lumpsum grant. And in the case of Kathakali Vesham, about 2400 rupees received by a person as stipend and 950 rupees received by 4 persons as lumpsum grant.

**Table.4.26.7** 

Course	Stipend		Lumpsum grant		Pocket Money		Paying guest fee	
BA LLB (Hon)	2	1200	4	6000	1	150	1	150
BA Malayalam	909	1814333	968	925360	58	28675	1	7500
BA Malayalam/ sociology	7	19500	7	6650				
BA Mass Communication								
BA Mohiniyattam	7	13845	8	7600	1	450		
BA Mrid	2	5400	2	1900				
BA Music	31	60200	43	40850	12	6469		

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

This table explains the financial services enjoyed by the courses like BA LLB Honors, BA Malayalam, BA Malayalam/ Sociology, BA Mass Communication, BA Mohiniyattam, BA Mrid and BA Music. In this case, the total beneficiaries who enjoyed the benefits of stipend are 958. The total amount is 1914478 rupees. In Lumpsum grant, the number is, 1032, and the fund is 988360. In Pocket money's case, the persons who benefitted are 72, and the amount received by them are 29944. And in Paying guest fee beneficiaries are 2 persons and the amount is 7650.

The following table also explains the expenditure conducted on various courses by the government like stipend, lumpsum grant and pocket money. In BAMS course during 2016-17, no such Scheduled caste pupil got stipend, the rest of the courses having the same. But the courses like BA Public administration, BA SLP, BA Urdu, BA Veda, BA Vedanta and BA Vyakarana do not have a penny of pocket money.

**Table. 4.26.8** 

Course	S	tipend	Lum	osum grant	Pocl	ket Money
BA Nyaya	20	45700	20	19000		
BA Philosophy	153	267800	169	160550	15	6750
BA Politics	476	965753	526	505940	45	21601
BA Psychology	27	48625	28	26840	1	150
BA Public administration	4	2200	4	3800		
BA Sahitya	18	38300	21	19950	3	2250
BA SLP	6	14400	6	5700		
BA Sociology	133	316513	165	159630	29	14690
BA Tamil	18	50700	30	28500	6	3600
BA TTM	10	26097	19	18050	3	2250
BA Urdu	1	600	1	950		
BA Veda	2	1100	2	1900		
BA Vedanta	11	27606	11	10450		
BA Veena	1	2400	3	2850	2	1500
BA Violin	1	2400	3	2850	2	1500
BA Vyakarana	15	30465	15	14250		
BAMS			18	24300	18	9204
BA Sanskrit	179	341117	191	181930	9	5850
BA Vocal	8	17000	18	17100	10	7500

**Table 4.26.8** 

Course	St	ipend	Lump	sum grant		ocket Ioney	Pay	ring guest fee
BCom	2809	4491071	2197	2108690	95	53263	2	10500
BCom Honours Degree	5	10530			1	570		
BCom Hotel management	15	14900	15	14250				
BCom Travel and Tourism	25	51733	28	28040	3	2250		
BCom TTM	10	22200	10	9500				
BCom(V) Computer application	429	802001	442	425420	10	5329	1	7500
BCom CA	374	803353	392	375560	5	1546		
BCom Co Op	330	614912	336	326880	2	1100		
BCom Market	28	57778	28	26600				
BCom Self	27	60273	29	28030	2	940		
BCom Tax	242	487852	249	236550	7	3900		
B. Com (Accountancy)	3	8500	3	2850	2	1650		
B. Com Banking	34	86551	34	32780				
B. Com Finance	159	343203	167	159850				
B. Com Finance and Tax	41	116784	42	40140				

In the case of BCom courses by various specialization, all specialization group have the benefits of Stipend. As lumpsum grant, the government has not provided any amount to the pupils who studies BCom Honors degree. Pocket money has not been paid to the students of BCom Hotel Management, BCom TTM, BCom Banking, BCom Finance and BCom Finance and Tax do not have the same. As the form of Paying guest fee, the government does not provide paying guest fee to anyone for BCom Honors Degree, BCom Hotel Management, BCom Travel and Tourism, BCom TTM, BCom CA, BCom Co Op, BCom Market, BCom Self, BCom Tax, BCom Accountancy, BCom Banking, BCom Finance and BCom Finance and Tax course.

**Table. 4.26.9** 

Course	St	ipend	Lump	sum grant	Pock	et Money	Payir	ng guest fee
B. Ed	406	817912	458	494840	37	22789	23	112383
B. FA	27	75249	38	26600	9	6547		
B. FA applied Art	5	7561	12	8400	7	10500		
B. FA Painting	8	10900	14	9800			6	8709
B. FA Sculpture	4	4661	6	4200			2	2903
BMMB	3	2250	13	15470	1	190	9	13500
BMRT			1	1190			1	1500
BP. Ed			13	19500	15	2722		
B. Pharm	5	2202	15	25950	10	3087		

The students of courses like BMRT, BP. Ed did not receive any amount as stipend and lumpsum grant. Similarly the students of courses of BFA Painting, BFA Sculpture and BMRT studying pupil do not receive pocket money. The students of courses like BFA, BFA Applied art, BP. Ed and B Pharm do not have the benefits of paying guest fee.

**Table. 4.26.10** 

Course	St	ipend	Lump	Lumpsum grant		ocket		Paying nest fee
BSc Electronic Equipment Maintenance	6	9700	8	7600	2	474		
BSc Food Technology	12	10300	15	14250	3	750		
BSc Geology	25	50000	35	33970	7	3130		
BSc Micro Biology	62	138372	83	79330	18	12482	1	6000
BSc Plant Science	24	68788	24	22800				
BSc Polymer Chemistry	44	115375	45	42990	1	900	2	3000
BSc	1	600	1	950				
BSc Applied Physics	10	28296	10	9500				
BSc Aqua	8	14400	9	16200	1	450		
BSc Bio Chemistry	55	96816	62	60100	5	2535		
BSc Bio Technology	52	87731	59	56290	5	3450		
BSc Botany	997	2125863	1106	1062400	101	61367		
BSc Botany and Biotechnology	19	42132	22	20900	2	1350		
BSc Chemistry	1092	2284351	1181	1131310	74	43069		
BSc Clinical nutrition &Dietics	1	3000	1	950				

In the above-mentioned BSc courses, all courses have certain number of persons enjoying the benefits of stipend and lumpsum grant, but BSc, BSc Plant science, BSc applied physics and BSc clinical nutrition have not received any amount as pocket money, and paying guest fee.

The following table says that the courses like BSc Cyber forensic, BSc environmental science, BSc EWM and BSc food science and Quality control do not receive pocket money. And in the case of paying guest fee, only the course of BSc cyber forensic received the same, it is received about by 5 pupils worth an amount of 7500.

**Table 4.26.11** 

Course	Sı	Stipend		mpsum grant	_	ocket Ioney	Paying guest fee	
BSc Computer	1	3600	2	1900	1	900		
BSc Computer Science	408	867874	402	415880	19	12450		
BSc Cyber Forensic	7	14100	12	11400			5	7500
BSc Electronics	200	484704	201	192150	1	750		
BSc Environmental science	10	14177	11	10450				
BSc EWM	11	31900	11	10450				
BSc Fcs	4	5494	5	4750	1	150		
BSc food science & Quality Control	1	2280	1	950				

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

**Table 4.26.12** 

Course	S	tipend	Lu	mpsum		ocket	Pay	ing guest
Course	S	препа		grant	M	oney	fee	
BSc forestry	3	4969	6 6420		1	600		
BSc forestry &wood technology	4	8000						
BSc Geography	46	70203	71	68170	18	10600	1	6100
BSc Home Science	45	93368	51	48450	7	1592		
BSc Hospitality and Hotel Administration	11	7061	25	23750	13	1592		
BSc Industrial Chemistry	30	45088	33	32310	2	820		
BSc Industrial Micro Biology	27	53800	29	27550	1	750	1	7500
BSc Instrumentation	21	72600	22	20900	1	115		
BSc mathematics	937	1989456	996	952680	47	26144		
BSc MLT	2	6600	4	3200	2	573		
BSc Nursing	22	24866	274	230600	238	75203	14	27774
BSc Optometry			1	950	1	300		

The students of BSc Optometry have not received stipend, while the courses BSc forestry and wood technology have not received lumpsum grant. It is applicable to Pocket money also. And in the case of paying guest fee, only BSc Geography, BSc industrial micro biology and BSc nursing courses enjoyed the benefits.

**Table. 4.26.13** 

Course	Sı	tipend	Lump	sum grant	_	ocket Ioney	Pay	ring guest fee
BSc Physics	103 4	2193935	1114 1069820		67	35789		
BSc Physics& Computer Application	24	46613	27	25650				
BSc Physics (Chemistry) Main	4	9200	4	3800				
BSc Physics (STAT) main	1	2400	1	950				
BSc Physics(V) Applied Electronics	4	6517	4	3800				
BSc Recreation &Leisure &Sports Studies			4	3800	4	600		
BSc Psychology	65	147455	80	77200	14	10976		
BSc Statistics	96	209300	105	100470	8	3000		
BSc Vocational Chemistry	6	17000	6	5700				
BSc Zoology	1070	2355681	1160	116050	78	47194	3	15000
BSc Aquaculture	9	25500	9	8550				

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

Here also the details regarding stipend, lumpsum grant, pocket money and paying guest fee for certain BSc Degrees are presented. From this, it is clear that, only in BSc Recreation &Leisure &Sports studies, the government is free from stipend, regarding lumpsum grant, all streams availed the same. In the case of pocket money, BSc Physics, Statistics, Psychology, Zoology and Recreation and Leisure &Sports studies availed the pocket money. And in case of paying guest fee, only BSc Zoology studying pupils got their paying guest fee.

**Table 4.26.14** 

Course	St	ipend		ımpsum grant		ocket	Pay	ing guest fee
BTech	46	85285	85	155700	40	18450		
BTech Naval Architecture & Ship building engineering	4	873	7	13600	3	102		
BTech AEI	5	9000	9	16200	4	1200		
BTech Aeronautical Engineering	10	11000	38	71100	27	13500	2	15000
BTech Applied Electronics &Instrumentation	4	5271	9	16200	2	136	3	13500
BTech Architecture	3	4881	17	30600	14	2506		
BTech Automobile Engineering	18	23040	32	57600	14	2778		
BTech Biotechnology	15	19352	32	58950	16	3864	1	4550
BTech Chemical Engineering			18	32400	17	2086		
BTech Civil Engineering	359	510843	656	1196100	234	76139	54	101503
BTech Civil Engineering (Payment)	4	1394	13	23400	9	996		
BTech Computer Science	235	294025	430	782550	129	34252	65	173512
BTech Computer science (Payment)	5	2325	10	18000	5	532		
BTech Electrical &Electronics engineering	156	178446	342	623250	128	30545	55	127173
B Tech electrical and electronics engineering (Payment)	5	1859	9	16200	4	464		
BTech Electronics&Communication	234	294257	440	796950	128	35065	76	188380
BTech Electronics &communication (Payment)	6	2596	7	12600	1	68		
BTech electronics& Biomedical Engineering	4	2414	13	25200	4	630	5	6823
BTech Electronics &Instrumentation	5	7785	21	40050	8	3668	8	24000
BTech Information Technology	44	39359	93	170100	27	7096	21	65711
BTech IT (Payment)	9	3175	15	27000	6	696		
BTech Instrumentation	11	5691	18	32400	6	1671		
BTech Marine Engineering			10	18000	10	4175		
BTech marine Engineering (Payment)			16	28800	16	6752		
BTech Mechanical engineering	309	435760	540	977400	174	48838	49	124225
BTech mechanical engineering (payment)	8	2944	11	19800	3	348		
BTech Metallurgy	1	600	3	5400	2	300		
BTech polymer engineering	2	2845	6	10800	4	1490		
BTech Printing Technology	1	600	2	3600	1	450		
BTech Production engineering	10	9678	18	32400	5	484		
BTech safety & Fire	7	8428	16	28800	9	3120		
BTech safety &fire (Payment)	6	2208	9	16200	3	348		

The stipend availed details in BTech with various specialization shows that, only two BTech courses with the specialization of mechanical engineering and marine engineering, the government has not provided the stipend to anybody. In the case of lumpsum grant and pocket money, all such courses benefited from the same. And by considering Paying guest fee, only the courses like Mechanical engineering, Information technology, Electronics & Bio medical engineering, Electronics and instrumentation, electronics and communication, electrical and electronics engineering, computer science, civil engineering, bio technology, applied electronics and instrumentation, and aero nautical engineering received the benefits of paying guest fee.

**Table 4.26.15** 

Course	st	ipend	Lump	sum grant	Pocket Money		
BVoc	26	53300	31	29450	5	1950	
BVoc fashion technology	2	7500	5	5950	3	2850	
BVoc Sports nutrition and Physiotherapy	1	3750	1	1190			

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

It shows that in various BVoc courses, the government has not provided any penny as pocket money during those periods, but as stipend and lumpsum grant, the burden is greater for the government.

Table.4.26.16

Course	Sı	Stipend		Lumpsum grant		Pocket Money		Paying guest fee	
Bachelor on Physiotherapy BPT	1	1200	7	4990	5	1163	2	6145	
Bachelor of Multimedia communication	10	18569	13	12590	3	1650			
Bachelor of tourism studies	5	2658	5	6750					
Bachelor of Visual communication									

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

The courses like BPT, BMC, BTS & BVC has not received the stipend and lumpsum grant. In the case of pocket money and paying guest fee, the courses like BTS and BVC are lacking the same.

**Table 4.26.17** 

Course	S	Stipend	Lumpsum grant			
Basic nursing and palliative care	1	1500	1	1900		

In BSc nursing and palliative care, only lumpsum grant and stipend availed from the government. That is too only to a single person.

**Table 4.26.18** 

Course	St	Stipend		mpsum		ocket	Paying guest fee	
		_		grant	II	noney		
BBA	469	912456	521	498570	24	11267	2	10500
BBA(HRM)	3	9600	3	2850				
BBA (Tourism management)	8	8 15084		12140	3	1800	1	4500
BBA-LLB(Honors) (LLB 5 year)	10	28650	27	46200	5	2910	13	97500
BBM	29	48100	30	28500	1	300		

Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department

The courses like BBA HRM and BBM have not received any amount as paying guest fee, but all other services and benefits were enjoyed by all BBA courses and BBM courses too.

**Table. 4.26.19** 

Course	St	ipend		npsum rant		ket ney	Paying guest fee	
BCA	145	305695	159	152490	14	8238		
BCA (Self finance)	3	5160	4750	2	1500			
BDS			8	20000	8	2780		
BFA	7	20500	8	7600	1	750		
BFSC	6	7200	8	14400	2	600		
BHM	1	600	15	27000	14	3000		
BHMS	1	7200	13	23400	12	7982		
Biomedical	17	22100	21	14700			4	6000
Biomedical and equipment technology	5	12645	5	5190				
BPE			1	1500	2	380	1	1500
BSW	2	6600	2	1900				
BTA			3	3570	3	570		
BTHM	8	24000	8	7600				
BVMC	13	9900	14	13300				
BVSc			3	6750	3	147		

This table shows that BDS, BPE, BTA and BVSc have not availed any amount as stipend, while, all such courses availed benefits of lumpsum grant. In the case of pocket money, the courses like Bio medical and equipment technology and BSW do not receive such services. And regarding paying guest fees, only BPE and Bio medical received the same.

**Table 4.26.20** 

Course	Sı	tipend		mpsum grant	Pocket Money	
Certificate on offset printing technology	16	8349	16	11200		
Chemical engineering	5	5400	6	4200	2	450
Civil Construction Technology	12	31099	12	11260		
Computer application& Business Management		24000	8	56000		
Computer Hardware Engineering	14	12494	14	11600		
Computer Maintenance & Electronics	2	3000	2	1900		
Computer science &IT	22	57580	24	23670	2	270
Computerized Office Management		28327	15	13500	1	702
Cosmetology &beauty therapy			1	900	1	135
Customer Relationship Management	1	1500	1	900		

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

The course like cosmetology and beauty therapy have not availed the stipend. All courses received the same and in case of pocket money, only the courses like chemical engineering, Civil construction and technology, CA and BM, Computer hardware engineering, computer maintenance and electronics and CRM did not received the pocket money.

**Table. 4.26.21** 

	S	Stipend	Lum	psum grant		Pocket Money
DM-Neonatology			1	2600	1	150
D.Ed. SECMR	9	23348	9	5400		
DCH			1	2500		
DDTOA	64	162287	66	42900	1	860
DDTPM	52	20878	52	45280		
Dental Technology	2	4971	2	1800		
DGO	1	600	1	2500		

This table shows that, the stipend availability is zero for DM Neonatology and DCH. In the case of lumpsum grant, all the courses availed the same. And in the case of pocket money, only DM Neonatology and DDTOA received the pocket money.

**Table 4.26.22** 

Course	Sı	Stipend		mpsum grant		ocket	Payi	ng guest fee
Diploma in Automobile Engineering	37	64845	43	30100	4	1510	1	6000
Diploma in Civil Engineering	195	248981	217	151900	12	5550	1	1500
Diploma in computer Hardware maintenance	135	214184	153	111060			18	86224
Diploma in computer Science	32	50500	32	22400				
Diploma in electrical engineering	128	217604	143	100100	12	6286		
Diploma in electronics and Communication engineering	74	136753	79	56200	4	1200	1	7500
Diploma in Electronics and Instrumentation	39	89200	44	30800	4	1200	1	7500
Diploma in electronics Engineering	223	367108	244	172240	11	2540	7	22500
Diploma in mechanical engineering	171	311454	181	127060	6	2100	2	6000
Diploma in Applied Electronics	44	92317	50	37850			6	21049
Diploma in architecture	16	36000	18	12600			2	12000
Diploma in Bio Medical Engineering	10	13700	11	7700			1	1500
Diploma in CABMS	10	13200	16	11200	5	1500	1	1500
Diploma in Commercial practice	40	69387	53	37100	14	2070		
Diploma in Computer Application	9	14321	12	8400	3	1400		
Diploma in Computer Engineering	183	343206	212	148400	20	7256	9	30000
Diploma in EPT	10	24100	10	7000				
Diploma in GNM	1	435	137	170850	136	32139		
Diploma in IT	8	19200	8	5600				
Diploma in Instrumentation Technology	22	35063	27	18900	5	1350		
Diploma in Manufacturing Technology	2	4835	3	2100	1	725		
Diploma in Medical Electronics	26	58100	26	18200				
Diploma in Medical Laboratory Technology	1	4800	16	10400	16	20250		
Diploma in multimedia	1	1413	1	700				
Diploma in Neuro Technology (DNT)			2	1300	2	10		
Diploma in Ophthalmic Assistance (DOA)			2	1300	2	3045		
Diploma in Ophthalmology			1	2500	1	150		
Diploma in Pharmacy D. Pharm	1	4839	5	3250	4	4458		
Diploma in Polymer	20	36526	21	14700	1	150		
Diploma in Printing Technology	12	31400	13	9100	1	450		
Diploma in Public Health	1	4000	1	2500				
Diploma in Secretarial Practice	116	217837	116	84800				
Diploma in Telecommunication Technology	19	34141	21	15240			2	3000
Diploma in Textile Technology	13	34400	13	9100				
Diploma in Tool and Die Engineering	20	53670	22	15400	2	508		
Diploma in Wood and Paper Tec	2	4400	3	2100				

In various Diploma courses, Diploma in Neuro technology and Diploma in Ophthalmic assistance and Diploma in Ophthalmology, no such stipend availability can be seen, but in the case of lumpsum grant, all the diploma courses received the same. The courses that did not receive pocket money and paying guest fee are the following; DCHM, DCSc, DAE, DA, DBME, DEPT, DIT, DME, DM, D.Ph., DSP, DTCT, DTT and DWPT did not receive pocket money while the courses such as DCS, DCP, DCA, DEPT, DGNM, DIT, DME, DMLT, DM, DNT, DOA, DO, D. Pharm, Diploma in Polymer, DPT, D. Ph, DSP DTDE and DWPT did not receive paying guest fee

**Table 4.26.23** 

Course	Stip	end	Lumpsum grant		
ECG ANG Audiometric technology	3	8411	3	3390	

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

Here both stipend and lumpsum grant were available to this specific course.

**Table. 4.26.24** 

Course	Stipend			um grant
Electrical and Electronics technology	10	19937	10	9000
Electronics and Communication Technology	23	44209	23	22310

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

Here also the availability is greater in the form of lumpsum grant and stipend.

**Table 4.26.25** 

Course	Stipend		Lumpsum grant		Pock Mon		Pay: fee	ing guest
Fashion and Apparel Designing	7	8000	7	6300				
Food and Beverage service	63	91097	63	44100				
Food Production	47	63756	52	36400	1	63	3	22800
Front Office operation		72483	48	33600	2	204		

Here pocket money and paying guest fee are not available for the Fashion and apparel designing and Food and beverages service.

**Table 4.26.26** 

Course		Stipend	Lumpsum grant				
HDC	7	1616	7	5440			

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

Here the stipend is availed by 7 persons in HDC course and lumpsum grant is availed by the same 7 persons.

**Table 4.26.27** 

Course	S	tipend		mpsum grant	Pocket Money	
Higher secondary Commerce	319	714798	319	287100		
Higher secondary Computer Application	69	113874	69	62100		
Higher Secondary Computer Science	85	156168	85	76500		
HS Humanities	281	604869	281	254970		
HS Science	474	948224	474	426600		
Hotel Accommodation Operation	22	25714	23	16100	1	102
HSC Arts Group		5100	24	21600	14	2100

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

This table represents the financial services enjoyed by the scheduled caste people in Higher secondary. And we can see that it is greater in this stream.

**Table 4.26.28** 

Course	Stipend		Lump	sum grant	Pocket Money		
HSC Commerce (BS, Acc, Eco, CA)	9400	18177878	9421	8569980	12	6805	
Commerce-BS-Acc-Eco-Hin	10	18839	10	9000			
Commerce-BS-Acc-Eco-Informatics	28	43775	28	25200			
Commerce-Bs-Acc-Eco-Maths	1827	3473238	1831	1672510	2	682	
Commerce-Bs-Acc-Eco-Pol	2355	4598987	2363	2137970	6	3455	
Commerce-Bs-Acc-Eco-Stat	1035	2009524	1035	936560	·		

This table shows the expenditure incurred on commerce group and Humanities group pupils. Here some of the courses lack pocket money. That is about 3 courses.

**Table.4.26.29** 

Course	St	ipend	Lump	sum grant	Pocl	ket Money
Humanities-Eco-Gnst-Com Eng-CS	237	496236	237	214220	2	750
Humanities-Eco-His-Geo-Hin	17	25466	17	15300		
Humanities-His-Eco-Geo-Kann	13	34197	13	11700		
Humanities-His-Geo-Eco-Mal	406	784652	406	365630		
Humanities-His-Eco-Geo-Tamil	14	22487	17	15300		
Humanities-His-Eco-Pol- Gly	234	408390	234	211060		
Humanities-His-Eco-Geo-Urdu	1	600	1	900		
Humanities-His-Eco-Pol-Anplgy	42	101785	42	38030		
Humanities-His-eco-Pol-Gnst	130	261222	132	121100	2	156
Humanities-His-Eco-Pol-Geo	4480	8488676	4493	4078015	8	2536
Humanities-His-Eco-Pol-mal	41	58110	41	41500		
Humanities-His-Eco-Pol-Music	51	91405	53	47700	1	750

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

Table.4.26.30

Course	S	Stipend		sum grant	Pocket Money		Paying guest fee	
Humanities-His-Eco-Pol- Philo	206	472252	206	185400		_		
Humanities-His-Eco-pol- Psy	230	529268	230	207690	1	150		
Humanities-His-Eco-Pol- Soc	5621	11310038	5646	5130850	16	8321	1	8000
Humanities-His-Eco-Pol- Social	310	647717	310	280150				
Humanities-His-Eco-Pol- Stat	401	813195	403	365000	2	300		
Humanities-His-Eco-San Sahi-San Sas	26	64500	26	23400				
Humanities-His-Eco- Soc-Hin	39	92614	39	39240				
Humanities-His-Eco- Soc-Mal	135	311737	135	125870				

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

Here also the details regarding the financial services availed by the SC pupils can be seen. The following table also shows the details especially in Humanities group. From this it is clear that the humanities studying pupils' proportions are greater in Kerala.

The following table explains about the financial assistance in plus two humanities group in the form of stipend, lump sum grant, pocket money and paying guest fee.

**Table 4.26.31** 

Course	Stipend		Lumpsum grant		Pocket Money		Paying guest fee	
Humanities-His-Geo-Pol-Hin	1	2417	1	900				
Humanities-His-Philo-San Sahi-san Sas	20	48700	20	18000				
Humanities- His-Jour-Eng- Com eng-Psy	39	93616	34	30600				
Humanities-Ist His-Eco-Pol- Geo	87	99999	57	78300				
Humanities Ist His-Eco-Pol- Soc	125	242346	125	112500				
Humanities Soc-Jour- ComEng-CA	406	782317	407	367910			1	3000
Humanities Soc-Soc W-Psy- Gnst	3	8000	3	2700				
Humanities Soc-Social-Psy- Stat	46	96869	46	41860				
Humanities Soc W-Jour-Com Eng-CA	73	169216	73	67540				

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

**Table 4.26.32** 

Course	Sı	tipend	Lump	sum grant	_	Pocket Money	Pay	ing guest fee
Science-Phy-Che- Bio-CS	1	2250						
Phy-Che-Bio-Hin	18	42344	18	16200				
Phy-Che-CS-Gly	5	15000	5	4500				
Phy-Che-Bio-Hom	98	171821	101	92740	3	2250		
Phy-Che-Mal-CS	2506	5170285	2520	2282490	5	3005		
Phy-Che-Maths- Elec	72	194742	72	64800				
Phy-Che-Maths- Gly	10	19040	10	9460				
Phy-Che-Mal-Hom	2	6000	2	1800				
Psy-Phy-Che-Bio	47	119405	47	44140				
Stat-Phy-Che- Maths	4	8400	4	3600				
Phy-Che-Maths- Bio	12635	25244853	12719	11566246	66	30611	1	3000

Here in the stream of Science group, the paying guest fees burden are lesser to the government.

**Table 4.26.33** 

Course	Stipend		Lump	sum grant	Pocket Money		
JDC	141 329718		145	96460	4	2335	
JPHN			29	29 20300		13340	

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

The course like JDC and JPHN grab some amount, and here stipend is not available in JPHN course. In livestock related course, about 21 students, grabbed an amount of 22434 as stipend and 18900 as lumpsum grant.

**Table 4.26.34** 

Course	S	Stipend	Lumpsum grant			
Livestock management	21	22434	21	18900		

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

**Table4.26.35** 

Course	S	tipend	Lumpsum grant		Poo	cket Money	Pay	ying guest fee
LLB	5	6150	14	21380	9	13340		
LLB 3 Year	18	66250	23	42480	1	750	3	22500
LLB 5 Year	28	51645	34	63920			6	45000
LLM	5	13584	9	13500	1	135	3	184000

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

In LLB course, Pocket money is not availed in that year especially in 5-year course and in the case of paying guest fee, it is zero for LLB.

**Table 4.26.36** 

Course	Sı	tipend		mpsum grant		ocket Ioney	Pay	ring guest fee
MA	4	7659	21	26250	17	7314		
MA Anthropology			1	1250	1	150		
MA Applied Economics	1	2500	3	3750	2	1151		
MA Bharathanatium	3	7800	3	3750				
MA Comparative Literature	5	9406	9	11250	4	1426		
MA Economics	142	286606	183	230030	36	17220		
MA Economics Self Financing	1	650	1	1250				
MA English	137	265230	158	200700	19	11424	1	4016
MA English Self financing	2	3600	2	1900				
Ma Gandhian Studies	3	3484	5	7850	2	612		
MA Hindi	37	58957	50	62500	13	6511		
MA History & Heritage Science	1	3000	1	1250				
MA Islamic History	1	600	1	1250				
MA Kannada	2	4800	3	3750				

The expenditure on post-graduation, especially in arts stream is greater and that can be seen from the table. It also shows that both stipend and lumpsum grant are available in all courses, and paying guest fee is availed only by a single person in MA English. Other MA and MCA courses details are shown in the following table. This trend can see in the following table also.

**Table 4.26.37** 

Course	St	ipend		mpsum grant		ocket Ioney	Pay	ing guest
MA Madhalam	1	2400	1	1250				
MA Mohiniyattam	1	1500	2	2500	1	585		
MA Mridangam	1	2400	1	1250				
MA Multimedia	3	9000	3	3750				
MA Music	1	3000	11	15030	10	5260		
MA Nyaya	7	18100	7	8750				
MA Philosophy	13	19100	14	17500	1	750		
MA Politics	20	32400	29	36890	9	4780		
MA Politics& Human Rights	1	2520	1	1570				
MA Psychology	5	4800	8	10000	3	1050		
MA Politics &International Relations	1	3000	4	6280	3	2090		
MA Public Policy &Governance	1	3000	2	3140	1	760		
MA Sanskrita Sahitya	14	23800	20	25000	6	2700		
MA Sociology	12	31900	22	27500	11	4935		
MA Tamil	4	12000	6	7500	2	1500		
MA Theatre			1	1250	1	600		
MA Vedanta	6	10400	7	8750	1	750		
Ma Violin	1	1800	1	1250				
MA Vocal	3	7800	6	7500	4	2400		
MA Vyakarana	4	10800	5	6250	1	750		
MA History	57	115244	79	99070	17	6880		
MA Malayalam	108	213940	141	177850	32	13366	4	18484
MA Sanskrit	7	12800	8	10000	1	150		

**Table 4.26.38.** 

Course	Stipend		Lumpsum grant		Pocket Money		Paying guest fee	
MCA	11	18330	31 56430		12	2307	6	6096
MCA (Cost Sharing)	2	930	2	3600				

**Table. 4.26.39** 

Course	Stipend		Lump	Lumpsum grant		et Money	Payir	ng guest fee
M.Com	286	624080	319	401310	25	12240	2	9000
M.Com Aided	5	7517	5	6250				
M.Com (Finance)	3	3250	3	4390				
M.Com Self Financing	2	4800	2	2500				

This table shows the stipend and lumpsum grant details of M. Com Degree.

**Table4.26.40** 

Course	S	tipend	Lumpsum grant		Poc	ket Money	Paying guest fee		
M.Ed.	21	36683	27	28890	5	1950	1	1161	

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

For M.Ed. course all the forms of financial expenditure can be seen.

**Table 4.26.41** 

Course	S	Stipend	Luı	npsum grant	Pocket Money		
MFA Applied Art	3	3 6600		3750			
MFA Painting	3	3 6200		5000	1	750	
MFA Sculpture	1	2400	2	2500	1	750	

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

In MFA course, only MFA Applied art lacks pocket money. In M. PEd course, the following table will clear the same.

**Table 4.26.42** 

Course	Stipend	Lu	mpsum grant	Po	ocket Money
M.PEd		6	7500	6	4103

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

**Table 4.26.43** 

Course	S	tipend	Lum	Lumpsum grant		ket Money	Paying guest fee	
MSW	27	59787	61	76250	16	10256	18	65854

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

In MSW stipend, lumpsum grant, pocket money and paying guest fee were availed by the students.

**Table 4.26.44** 

Course	St	ipend	Lump	sum grant	Pock	tet Monet	Payir	ng guest fee
MSc Biopolymer science	1	310	3	3750	2	154		
MSc Demography	2	380	2	2500				
MSc Micro Biology	4	5600	6	7500	2	1500		
MSc	7	7038	13	17530	6	1378		
MSc Analytical Chemistry	9	19700	9	11250				
MSc Applied Chemistry	6	13800	6	7500				
MSc Bio Chemistry	1	600	4	5000	3	1500		
MSc Bio informatics	2	4800	2	2500				
MSc Biotechnology	9	21000	15	18750	6	2300		
MSc Botany	47	91284	79	99390	31	15942	1	7500
Botany Self Financing			1	1250	1	450		

In MSc Degree stipend facility has not been enjoyed by the students of Botany in self-financing course, and paying guest fee was claimed only by a single person in MSc Botany.

**Table4.26.45** 

Course	S	tipend		mpsum grant		ocket Ioney	Pay	Paying guest fee	
MSc Chemistry	98 199590		136	170960	35	17210	3	13500	
MSc Computer Science	35	74704	46	60030	9	6737	2	12000	
MSc Electronics	7	18084	11	13750	3	1272			
MSc Environmental Science	1	3000	2	2500	1	750			
MSc Environmental Technology	1	1800	4	5000	3	1267			
MSc FCS	2	1100	2	2500					
MSc Food& Industrial Micro Biology	3	1800	3	3750					
MSc Geography	1	2500	6	7500	1	750	4	15000	
MSc Geology	1	2400	5	6570	3	1200			
MSc Home Science	2	1200	3	3750	1	750			
MSc Home Science &Child Development	1	3000	1	1250					
MSc Home Science (Textiles & Costume Science)	1	3600	1	1250					
MSc Hydrochemistry			1	1250	1	450			
MSc Industrial Fisheries			1	1250	1	416			
MSc Marine Biology	3	3 4936		6250	2	450			
MSc Mathematics	62	13225	72	91280	10	5743			

This table explains that, in MSc Hydrochemistry and Industrial fisheries, the financial burden in the form of stipend is zero, whereas lumpsum grant is availed by all courses. And in the case of pocket money and paying guest fee, only countable courses have such benefits.

**Table 4.26.46** 

Course	Stipend		Lump	sum grant	Pock	et Money	Paying guest fee		
MSc Nursing			1	1570	1	57			
MSc Oceanography			1	1250	1	285			
MSc Photonics	1	542	4	5000	3	360			
MSc Physics	84	181812	112	141280	26	12952			
MSc Polymer Chemistry	1	3000	1	1250					
MSc Psychology	1	600	3	3750	2	300			
MSc Zoology	41	85327	74	92500	29	17900	5	22542	
MSc Statistics	17	27734	21	26570	4	1301			

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

This table shows that, in MSc Nursing and Oceanography, there is no stipend. Regarding paying guest fee, only MSc Zoology was availed the same.

**Table 4.26.47** 

Course	S	tipend	Lump	sum grant	Po	ocket Money
MAPM			1	1250	1	150
Marine Fisheries & Food Processing	6	10969	6	5400		
Marketing and Financial Services	11	15420	11	9900		

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

This one shows that, in MAPM course, there is no stipend and only this course itself has some amount as pocket money. Regarding lumpsum grant, all courses availed the same.

**Table 4.26.48** 

Course		tipend	Lum	psum grant	Pocket Money		
MBA	1	1800	2	2100	1	750	
MBA Full time	14	28106	35	37290	20	14700	
MBA International business			1	1050	1	450	
MBA travel & tourism payments	3	3977	1	1050	1	450	
MBA travel & tourism			6	6570	3	1500	

Regarding all MBA Courses, the lumpsum grant facility along with pocket money is available, stipend is not available to MBA International business, & MBA travel and tourism.

**Table 4.26.49** 

Cou	rse	S	Stipend	Lur	npsum grant	Pocket Money				
MB	BS	4	7200	23	57500	20	16592			

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

In MBBS course, the element of paying guest fee is absent, and all other benefits like stipend, lumpsum grant and pocket money being availed

**Table 4.26.50** 

Course	St	ipend	Lun	Lumpsum grant		ket Money	Paying guest fee			
MCJ	1	561	3	3750	1	140	1	9000		

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

In MCJ course all the benefits of expenditure can be seen. The course details regarding MD can also be seen from the following table. And here also the government is conducting a lot of expenditures.

**Table 4.26.51** 

Course	St	tipend	Lumpsum grant		Pock	et Money	Paying guest fee		
MD	4	3500	10	25000	1	44	3	3339	
MD Anesthesiology			1	2500					
MD D&V			1	2500	1	150			
MD General Medicine			3	7500	1	150	2	6000	
MD Micro Biology			2	5000	2	300			
MD Paediatrics			2	5000	1	344	1	4500	
MD Pharmacology			1	2500					
MD Psychiatry			1	2500	1	150			
MD Radiodiagnosis			1	2500					
MD Transfusion Medicine			1	2500					

**Table 4.26.52** 

Course	St	tipend	Lump	sum grant	Pocket Money		F	Project
MDS	1	2400	8	20000	7	2347		
Medical Laboratory Technology	26	69274	26	23860	1	150		
MFSc	2	3052	2	4100				
MHRM			7	7350	7	5550		
MLISc	6	14400	7	8750			4	20000
MLT	4	8052	4	3500				

Here also the role of government is greater on the expenditure side. Only they got a relaxation in the field of project itself, because only the subject of MLISc, they incurred an amount of 20000 for the beneficiaries of 4.

**Table 4.26.53** 

Course		Contingency		Project		
MPhil Arts Group	1	62032	1	1306		
Mphil	1	169200	1	450		
Mphil Computer Science	1	83470				

Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department

Regarding Mphil courses, only contingency and project assistance can be seen. And in the case of Mphil Computer Science, they don't have any amount reserved for Project.

**Table. 4.26.54** 

Course	St	ipend	Lumpsum grant		Pocl	ket Money
MS Anatomy	1	500	1	2500		
MS ENT			1	2500	1	150
MS General surgery			1	2500		
MS O& G			1	2500		
MS Ophthalmology			1	2500		
MS Orthopaedic			2	5000	1	150

This table says that the post-graduation in various medical courses, only in Anatomy post-graduation, the government has provided an amount of 500 as stipend to a single person. And in pocket money's case MS ENT and MS Orthopaedic received the same.

In various MTech courses, only the role of contingency is greater. The stipend distributed in this section are lesser. Lumpsum grant also provided for the namesake. Regarding pocket money only two of the courses received such benefit. The following table explains the same.

**Table 4.26.55** 

Course	St	ipend	Lı	umpsum grant		ocket Ioney	Со	ntingency
MTA	1	1500	3	2850	1	750		
M. Tech			2	3600			7	82200
M. Tech Civil Engineering			4	7200			7	98700
M. Tech Computer Science			3	5400			2	18600
M. Tech in Cyber forensic and Information Security	1	2400	5	9450			1	9300
M. Tech in Electrical Engineering			7	12600				
M. Tech in Electronic & Communication (Signal Process)			8	14400			7	58500
M. Tech in Electronics Engineering							4	33600
M. Tech in Image processing							1	8700
M. Tech Information Technology							2	16800
M. Tech Mechanical Engineering	1	1800	5	9000			2	17400
M. Tech in Ocean technology							2	30737
M. Tech in Power Electronics	1	3000	1	1800				
M. Tech in Software Engineering							3	100200
M. Tech in Structural Engineering			1	1800			1	24000
M. Tech in VLSI& Embedded systems			3	5400			4	41400
MTM-Master of Tourism Management			1	1250	1	121		

**Table 4.26.56** 

Course	Stipend		Lu	mpsum grant	Poc	ket Money
PB Nursing			1	1050	1	190
PGDCA	7	1723	7	7350		

This table intimate the details regarding the financial assistance received on Nursing and PGDCA course. In Nursing, Stipend component is lacking, where as in PGDCA Pocket money's component is lacking.

Regarding PhD courses, the government has no such burden like stipend, lumpsum grant, pocket money and paying guest fee. But they incurred certain amounts of expenditure as contingency and project.

**Table 4.26.57** 

Course	(	Contingency		Project
PhD	48	5742127	28	54360
PhD in Bio Technology	1	94190	1	2255
PhD in Botany	3	428067	1	2938
PhD Chemistry	4	465275	2	650
PhD Commerce	1	131250		
PhD Malayalam	7	693919	7	9374
PhD Zoology	13	1142495	5	8168

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

**Table 4.26.58** 

Course		Stipend	Lui	mpsum grant
Prakshastri	2	3702	2	1800
Pre-Primary TTC	23	35139	23	12650

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

In Prakshastri and Pre-Primary TTC Course also they provided some amount as stipend and lumpsum grant.

Table4.26.59

Course	S	Stipend Lumpsum grant		Pocket Money		
Shastri	15	24344	22	15490	7	3283

Here some amount as pocket money also provided in addition to stipend and lumpsum grant.

**Table 4.26.60** 

Course	Stipend		Lumpsum grant		Pocket Money		Paying guest fee	
THSC Integrated Science	18	42037	18	16200				
THSC Physical Science	37	88659	37	33300				
Travel& Tourism	5	7406	5	4500				
TTC	614	1264743	717	367260	102	71954	1	7500

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

Various THSC courses, along with travel and tourism and TTC also create some financial burden to the government.

**Table4.26.62** 

Course		tipend	Lumpsum grant		Pocket Money	
VHSE Group-I-Engg- Civil Construction& Maintenance	99	204855	100	92070	1	805
VHSE Group-I- Engg- Computer Application	64	118937	65	58960	1	750
VHSE Group-I Engg- Computer Science	73	165781	73	66620		
VHSE Group-I-Engg-Maintenance & Repairs of Automobile	52	92472	52	46800		
VHSE Group-I-Engg Maintenance& Repairs of Domestic appliances	106	199185	106	97700		
VHSE Group-I. Engg Maintenance& Repairs of Radio &TV	137	237702	137	126060		
VHSE Group-I. Engg Maintenance& Repairs of 2 wheelers&3 wheelers	33	82794	33	29700		
VHSE Group-I Engg Mechanical Servicing (Agro-machinery)	12	28000	12	10800		
VHSE -Group-I Engg Printing Technology	31	47447	31	27900		
VHSE Group-I Engg Refrigeration& Air conditioning	46	76415	46	42780		
VHSE Group-I Engg Rubber Technology	3	164 2	3	2700		
VHSE Group-I Engg Textile Dyeing & Printing	1	226	1	900		

In various VHSE Courses, the component stipend and lumpsum grant is greater. And the component pocket money shows only minute portion.

**Table4.26.63** 

Course	Sı	tipend		mpsum grant	Pocket Money	
VHSE Group-2- Phy-Physical Education	1	2500	11	9900	10	6600
VHSE Group-2-Agri- Fruits & Vegetables	57	123958	53	49540		
VHSE-Group-2 Agri, Nursery Management & Ornamental gardening	95	202409	95	86190		
VHSE Group-2 Agri- Plant Protection	151	290552	152	139330		
VHSE Group-2 Agri Sericulture	3	9600	3	2700		
VHSE Group-2 Animal Dairying (Milk Products)	5	10800	5	4500		
VHSE Group-2 Animal Livestock Management Dairy Husbandry	63	129334	63	56700		
VHSE Group-2 Animal Livestock Management Poultry Husbandry	37	71234	37	33300		
VHSE Group-2 Fish Aqua Culture	9	21479	9	8790		
VHSE Group-2 Fish-Fish Processing Technology	12	23991	12	11260		
VHSE Group-2 Fish- maintenance & operation of Marine Engines	5	6846	5	4500		
VHSE Group-2 Home- Clothing & Embroidery	27	32039	27	24300		
VHSE Group-2 Hom- Cosmetology & Beauty Parlour Management	8	15442	8	7200		
VHSE group-2- Para- Maintenance & Operation of Bio medical equipment	48	90896	48	43200		
VHSE Group-2 Para- Dental Technology	2	5452	2	1800		
VHSE Group-2 Para-Domestic Nursing	31	77480	31	28360		
VHSE Group-2 Para- ECG & Audiometric Technician	17	25900	17	15300		
VHSE Group-2- Para- Medical Laboratory Technician	324	584231	324	293900		
VHSE Group-2 Para- Physio Therapy	2	6000	2	1800		
VHSE Group-3 Hum- Travel & Tourism	51	107419	51	45900	_	

This table explains the financial aspects in VHSC Group-2. Here also the role of pocket money is lesser.

The following table explains the financial assistance availed by the scheduled caste pupils in various VHSC Group-4.

Table4.26.6

Course	Stipend		Lumpsum grant		Pocket Money	
VHSE Group-4- Bic- Accountancy & Auditing	167	264528	170	156450	3	2250
VHSE Group-4 Bic- Banking Assistance	37	84572	40	36000	3	2250
VHSE Group-4 Bic- Catering & Restaurant Management	6	5500	6	5400		
VHSE Group-4 Bic- General Insurance	31	55285	31	28130		
VHSE Group-4 Bic- Marketing & Salesmanship	42	93419	42	38260		
VHSE Group-4 Bic- Office Secretary ship	143	287476	144	131440		
VHSE Group-4 Bic- Reception, Book Keeping & Communication	2	1100	2	1800		

**Source: Scheduled Caste Development Department** 

In short from the above-mentioned tables, it is clear that the educational expenditure of Scheduled Caste during the specific year conducted by the government is increasing in a greater magnitude.

By having a clear view on this chapter will make us realized that the Scheduled caste are not having a good life in all ways, they were backward and only few or countable having a better life and that was mainly due to their educational attainment and employment status. And it also shows that, the effort from the part of government is also increasing year by year. It can be realized from the tables like fund provided by the government under various schemes, land provided by them, house construction sanctioned by them, educational expenditure conducted by them, and various income generating schemes includes self-employment schemes...etc. Along with that, for the upliftment of Scheduled caste, the government has also inserted the reservation in educational institution, in the fields of employment especially in government sector jobs.

The specific findings related to the status of scheduled caste in Kerala are:

- ➤ Kerala having an Sc population of 30.39 lakhs as per 2011 census.
- Sex Ratio is 1057/945.
- ➤ Literacy rate is 88.7%
- Male literacy (92.64%) is greater than female literacy (85.07)
- ➤ Total Sc Population is greater in Palakkad District.
- ➤ Regarding asset holdings of the SC households, about 11.46% of the Kerala do not have any of such assets like, banking service, TV, 2-wheeler, 4-wheeler, Landline...etc.
- ➤ Drop-out rates are higher in Palakkad District compared to other districts in every stream like Government, Private aided and Private unaided.
- ➤ Pass percentage of SC students at Higher Secondary level is less than 70% in every year.
- > Scheduled caste populations' participation is very minute in technical as well as poly technical institutions.
- ➤ Regarding the enrolment of SC students in Arts and Science colleges, SC pupils count is greater in BSc and least in B.Com.
- In case of Post-graduation, the first is MA in count and the least is M.Com.
- ➤ Number of educational institutions coming under SC department is lesser in Kerala, especially at higher educational level.
- Number of atrocities against the Scheduled Castes are increasingly higher in 2013-14, it is 127.2 lakhs, but by the latest, in 2018-19, it is 618.91 Lakhs.
- ➤ In job distribution, the number of SC, is greater in non Gazatted compared to Gazatted and Last grade.

- ➤ Regarding, main workers' distribution, main workers are 32.93%, male main workers are 47.03%, female main workers are 19.59%, cultivators to main workers 2.28%, agricultural labor to main workers 29.9%, main workers engaged in household industries are 2.07%, main workers engaged in other services are 65.75%, marginal workers 10.9% and work participation rate is 43.83%.
- > Year wise SCP is increasing always, which means the financial burden is increasing for the government to uplift the SC.
- ➤ Regarding new houses for SC and land for them are also increasing.
- ➤ Government is incurring a lot of expenditure for the upliftment of SC like States Schemes, Centrally Sponsored Schemes (50%), Centrally sponsored schemes (100%) and rural development schemes.
- ➤ Other expenditures are in the form of SCA to SCSP, Pooled fund and Critical gap filling schemes (Corpus Fund). etc.
- Number of persons benefitted from self-employment programme by the government is greater in Thrissur district, that is 19 in 2018-19, in 2017-18, it is Ernakulam, that is 88 persons. By a total of 406 persons all over the states in 2017-18 and 126 in 2018-19.
- ➤ Major income generating schemes are KSDC schemes, NSFDC Schemes and other welfare schemes.
- Financial burden in the form of educational expenditure for the upliftment of SC by government has been increasingly increasing.
- The Total Number of SC Households are 652437. That is (10.32%)
- ➤ Number of Households having two-wheeler, three-wheeler, four-wheeler or fishing boats are 92730.
- ➤ Households having three or for wheeler for the agricultural equipment are 1261.

- ➤ Households having Kissan Credit card with credit limit of 50000 Rupees or above are 1891.
- ➤ Households with any member as a government employee are 36268.
- ➤ Households with non-agricultural enterprises registered with government are 5537.
- Any member in households earning more than 10000 Rupees are 34851.
- ➤ Households paying income tax are 29367.
- ➤ Households paying professional tax are 29367.
- ➤ Households with three/more rooms with pucca wall and pucca roof are 170741.
- ➤ Households having refrigerator are 92681.
- ➤ Households having land line phones are 60652.
- ➤ Households having 2.5 acres or more irrigated land with at least one irrigation equipment are 173.
- ➤ Households having 5 acres or more land irrigated for 2 or more crop season are 874.
- ➤ Household having 7.5 acres or more land with at least one irrigation equipment is 133.